

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY OF POLICE SECURITY AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE JODHPUR, RAJASTHAN, INDIA



Syllabus Booklet

Bachelor of Arts (BA) Policing and Law Enforcement



Sardar Patel University of Police, Security and Criminal Justice, Jodhpur
(Established Under State Legislative Assembly Act of Government of Rajasthan)



Board of Studies

BA in Policing and Law Enforcement/ BA in Policing and Law Enforcement(Research)/ BA in Policing and Law Enforcement(Honours)

Committee Members

S.No	Name & Organization	Roles
1.	Dr. Kanika Panwar, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member & Convener
2.	Dr. Abhishek Sharma, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
3.	Dr Arjun Choudhary, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
4.	Dr Meenakshi Punia, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
5.	Dr M N Bhatt, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
6.	Dr Rufus D., SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
7.	Dr Sadhana Meghwal, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
8.	Dr Surabhi Gupta, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
9.	Dr S K Pandey, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
10.	Dr Vikas Kumar Sihag, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
11.	Dr Vinay Kaura, SPUP Jodhpur	Internal Member
12.	Sh Vikas Pathak, DIG STC, BSF, Jodhpur	External Member
13.	Dr P.G. Sunanda Bhagavathy, Professor , Criminology, SSAMM, Karunya Institute of Technology and Sciences, Addl. Supdt of Police (Retd), Tamil Nadu Police	External Member
14.	Mr Kailash Pareek, Dy. Supdt of Police (Retd), Rajasthan Police.	External Member
15.	Dr Nidhi Saxena, Associate Professor (Law), Delhi University, Delhi	External Member
16.	Prof. K N Vyas, Professor (Retd.) (Sociology), Jai Narayan Vyas University, Jodhpur, Rajasthan	External Member

Introduction

Sardar Patel University of Police, Security and Criminal Justice (SPUP) was established by the Government of Rajasthan in 2012 with the objective of developing a premier institution dedicated to police sciences, law enforcement, criminal justice, security studies, public safety, and allied areas of governance. The University seeks to promote academic excellence, professional competence, and research-oriented learning in disciplines directly connected with policing and the criminal justice system. In accordance with this vision, the University integrates interdisciplinary branches of knowledge to address contemporary challenges relating to policing, internal security, investigation, law enforcement administration, criminology, public safety, and justice delivery mechanisms. The academic programmes offered by the University are designed to generate new knowledge, develop practical skills, and strengthen professional capacities for effective service in policing and allied sectors.

The present academic programme of Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) in Policing and Law Enforcement has been prepared by the Curriculum Designing Committee as a professional program under the direction and able guidance of Dr. Alok Tripathi, Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor, SPUP. The programme aims to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of policing systems, law enforcement practices, criminal justice processes, public administration, ethics, human rights, cyber security, community policing, and emerging dimensions of internal security. It is designed to equip learners with both theoretical foundations and practical exposure necessary for careers in police services, defence police organisations, and other related fields of policing and law enforcement, including forces such as the Border Security Force (BSF), Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF), and similar central and state law enforcement agencies

About the Programme

A Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) in Policing and Law Enforcement is a professional and interdisciplinary academic programme designed to prepare learners for careers in police services and other related fields of law enforcement and public safety. The programme combines knowledge from disciplines such as law, criminology, sociology, psychology, public administration, forensic studies, cyber security, and social sciences to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of modern policing and criminal justice systems. Across the world, universities and professional policing institutions increasingly recognize that effective policing requires not only field training but also strong academic and ethical foundations.

The programme is structured to provide learners with exposure to a wide range of subjects directly connected with policing and law enforcement. It is organised into Core Major Papers, Minor Papers, Multidisciplinary Courses, Ability Enhancement courses, Skill Enhancement courses, Internship, Research and Field/Practical Courses to ensure a balanced combination of theoretical knowledge and professional training. The curriculum includes areas such as criminal law, constitutional law, criminological theories, police administration, investigation procedures, forensic science, cybercrime, human rights, criminal psychology, ethics in policing, correctional administration, community policing, disaster management, internal security and many more. Along with classroom learning, the programme incorporates practical exposure, institutional visits, field interactions, and experiential learning opportunities with police and allied agencies so that students gain firsthand understanding of policing systems and professional practices. Through this multidisciplinary and practice-oriented approach, learners develop an informed understanding of crime, society, governance, and justice administration.

A significant feature of the programme is its focus on developing a comprehensive skill set among learners. Along with academic knowledge, the curriculum emphasizes communication skills, leadership qualities, analytical thinking, decision-making ability, problem-solving aptitude, and professional ethics. Practical learning components such as field exposure, case studies, simulations, drill activities, and

interaction with police and law enforcement professionals are integrated to bridge the gap between classroom learning and real-life policing situations. The programme also recognizes that policing is a profession that demands physical fitness, mental resilience, discipline, and emotional balance. Therefore, it aims to promote the overall development of learners not only from an academic perspective but also from the standpoint of physical health and professional readiness. Physical training, fitness activities, endurance development, stress management, and personality development form an important part of the learning process, preparing students for the demanding nature of police and law enforcement services. In the contemporary context, policing extends beyond traditional crime control functions. Police personnel are required to engage with communities, address cyber and organized crimes, respond to emergencies and disasters, protect vulnerable groups, and uphold constitutional values and human rights. This programme seeks to prepare students for these evolving responsibilities by fostering professionalism, social sensitivity, ethical conduct, and a service-oriented outlook.

The programme is particularly relevant in the Indian context, where rapid technological changes, complex security challenges, and increasing public expectations require professionally educated and socially aware law enforcement personnel. By introducing structured undergraduate education in policing and law enforcement, the programme contributes towards strengthening institutional capacities, improving public trust in policing institutions, and developing competent human resources for police services, defence police organisations, and allied law enforcement agencies such as the Border Security Force, Central Reserve Police Force, and other central and state policing organisations.

Programme Objectives

1. To help students develop a clear understanding of the criminal justice system, including the role and functioning of police organisations, courts, correctional institutions, and other agencies connected with law enforcement and justice administration.

2. To encourage learners to examine crime and social issues from analytical and critical perspectives so that they can better understand the social, economic, cultural, and psychological factors influencing criminal behaviour and public order.
3. To equip students with the practical knowledge and professional skills required in policing and law enforcement, such as effective communication, leadership, problem-solving, decision-making, teamwork, and professional discipline.
4. To promote ethical values, integrity, accountability, and respect for human rights, while developing an understanding of constitutional principles and the importance of the rule of law in policing practices.
5. To strengthen behavioural competencies and interpersonal abilities so that students can interact confidently and sensitively with people from diverse social and cultural backgrounds and respond effectively to public concerns and community needs.
6. To prepare learners for careers in police services, defence police organisations, and allied law enforcement agencies, while also developing the adaptability and professional competence required for roles in public administration, public safety, and related service sectors.

Scheme and Detailed Syllabus

Course Overview

Pattern: Semester system

Eligibility: Senior Secondary (10+2) in any discipline with at least 55% marks. (5% relaxation for SC/ST/PH candidates or as per University Norms)

Medium of Instruction: Bilingual

Total Intake: 40

Subject Credit Scheme

Sem	Subject Code	Title of the Paper	Course Type	Credits	Contact Hours / Week		
					L	T	P
I	PLE-CP-1C	Constitution and Policing	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-CCJ-1C	Fundamentals of Criminology and Criminal Justice	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-PSY-1M	Foundations of Psychology For Policing	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-NCC-1SE	National Cadet Corps. I	SE	2	1		2
	PLE-IIS-1MD	India's Internal Security	MD	2	2		
	PLE-PFSD-1SE	Physical Fitness & Self Defence Training	SE	2			4
<i>Credits Semester I: 20</i>							
II	PLE-HRP-2C	Human Rights and Police Duties	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-PA-2C	Police Administration in India	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-SOC-2M	Fundamentals of Sociology	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-CCI-2MD	Cyber Crime Investigation	MD	2	2		
	PLE-HIN-2AE	Hindi	AE	2	2		
	PLE-PFSD-2SE	Physical Fitness & Self Defence Training	SE	2			4
<i>Credits Semester II: 20</i>							
<i>Exit Option: 1 Year Certificate completion in Policing and Law Enforcement</i>							
Total Credits Semester I-II: 40							
III	PLE-BNSP-3C	Bhartiya Nyay Sanhita and Policing	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-PSM-3C	Police Station Management	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-HPI-3M	History of Policing in India	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-ISP-3MD	Information Security and Privacy	MD	2	2		
	PLE-NCC-3SE	National Cadet Corps. II	SE	2	1		2
	PLE-PFSD-3SE	Physical Fitness & Self Defence Training	SE	2			4
	PLE-SI-3I	Summer Internship	I	4			
<i>Credits Semester III: 24</i>							
IV	PLE-BNSSP-4C	Bhartiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita and Policing	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-CI-4C	Criminal Investigation	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-IPS-4M	Indian Political System	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-HCH-4MD	History, Culture & Heritage of Rajasthan	MD	2	2		
	PLE-DM-4MD	Disaster Management	MD	2	2		
	PLE-PFSD-4SE	Physical Fitness & Self Defence Training	SE	2			4
<i>Credits Semester IV: 20</i>							
<i>Exit Option: 2 Years Diploma completion Policing and Law Enforcement</i>							
Total Credits Semester I-IV: 84							
V	PLE-ELP-5C	Evidence Law and Police Investigation	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-PML-5C	Police and Maintenance of Law and Order	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-FSM-5M	Forensic Science And Medicine-I	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-GR-5MD	Geography of Rajasthan	MD	2	2		
	PLE-NCC-5SE	National Cadet Corps. III	SE	2	1		2
	PLE-PFSD-5SE	Physical Fitness & Self Defence Training	SE	2	-	-	4
<i>Credits Semester V: 20</i>							
VI	PLE-OPSL-6C	Offences and Role of Police Under	C	5	4	1	

		Special Laws					
	PLE-PCC-6C	Police, Community And Crime Prevention	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-FSM-6M	Forensic Science And Medicine-II	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-ES-6MD	Environmental Studies	MD	2	2		
	PLE-BMR-6MD	Basic Mathematics And Reasoning	MD	2	2		
	PLE-PFSD-6SE	Physical Fitness & Self Defence Training	SE	2	-	-	4
	Credits Semester VI: 20						
Exit Option: 3 Years BA completion				Total Credits Semester I-VI: 124			
4 year BA Honours with Research							
VII	PLE-EOC-7C	Economic and Organised Crimes	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-VVA-7C	Victimology and Victims Assistance	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-PSY-7M	Psychology of Crime	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-RM-7MD	Research Methodology	MD	2	2		
	PLE-PCS-7MD	Police, Community and Social Media	MD	2	2		
	PLE-DP-7R	Dissertation Proposal	R	6	-	4	4
	Credits Semester VII: 24						
VIII	PLE-TMC-8C	Technology Mediated Crimes and Policing	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-PCA-8C	Penology and Correctional Administration	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-SPC-8M	Social Problems and Contemporary Issues	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-VGSL-8MD	Vulnerable Groups and Special Laws	MD	2	2		
	PLE-PDSS-8AE	Personality Development and Soft Skills	AE	2	2		
	PLE-DIS-8R	Dissertation/Research Project	R	6	-	4	4
	Credits Semester VIII: 24						
Exit Option: 4 years BA completion with Research				Total Credits Semester I-VIII: 172			
Option of 4 year BA Honours							
VII	PLE-EOC-7C	Economic and Organised Crimes	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-VVA-7C	Victimology and Victims Assistance	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-PSY-7M	Psychology of Crime	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-RM-7MD	Research Methodology	MD	2	2		
	PLE-PCS-7MD	Police, Community and Social Media	MD	2	2		
	PLE-FOS-7C	Fundamentals of Security	C	6	4	2	
	Credits Semester VII: 24						
VIII	PLE-TMC-8C	Technology Mediated Crime and Policing	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-PCA-8C	Penology and Correctional Administration	C	5	4	1	
	PLE-SPC-8M	Social Problems and Contemporary Issues	M	4	3	1	
	PLE-VGSL-8MD	Vulnerable Groups and Special Laws	MD	2	2		
	PLE-PDSS-8AE	Personality Development and soft skills	AE	2	2		
	PLE-SRO-8C	Security Roles and Operations	C	6	4	2	
	Credits Semester VIII: 24						
Exit Option: 4 years BA completion with Honours				Total Credits Semester I-VIII: 172			

L: Lecture; T: Tutorial; P: Practical; C: Core Major; M: Minor; MD: Multi-Disciplinary;
 AE: Ability Enhancement; SE: Skill Enhancement; I: Internship / Field Work; R: Dissertation Research

Note: Students with benchmark physical disabilities who are unable to undertake “Physical Fitness & Self Defence Training” may opt for an equivalent 2-credit online course offered through SWAYAM/NPTEL/CEC or any other UGC-recognised platform during the corresponding semester cycle (July–December or January–May), as approved by the Department. The Courses can be aligned with the below mentioned themes.

Health and Physical Wellness

Safety and Self-Protection Awareness

Adaptive Physical Education

Mental and Psychological Fitness

Community and Public Safety

Compulsory Summer Internship

A Summer Internship is a compulsory component of the B.A. in Policing and Law Enforcement programme. Every student is required to undergo a minimum of 40 days of internship training, which may extend up to 60 days depending upon the nature of the placement and training requirements. The internship is designed to provide students with practical exposure to policing, law enforcement administration, criminal justice institutions, and allied public service organisations, thereby enabling them to connect classroom learning with real-world professional practices.

Students are encouraged to carefully identify and select organisations relevant to the objectives of the programme and their professional interests. Internship opportunities may include police departments, investigation units, correctional institutions, forensic laboratories, disaster management authorities, legal aid organisations, community policing initiatives, defence police organisations, and allied law enforcement agencies such as the Border Security Force, Central Reserve Police Force, and other related institutions. The proposed internship organisation shall be subject to approval by the Department or Course Coordinator, who will ensure that the internship is academically relevant and beneficial to the student’s professional development.

The University may issue bonafide certificates, internship recommendation letters, No Objection Certificates (NOC), or any other required official correspondence to

facilitate internship placement. Such support shall be provided only to students who maintain discipline, good conduct, and satisfactory attendance in accordance with University rules and regulations.

The internship component aims to develop professional competence, practical understanding, discipline, communication skills, observational abilities, and exposure to field realities of policing and law enforcement. During the internship period, students are expected to actively participate in assigned tasks, observe institutional functioning, and maintain professionalism and confidentiality wherever required.

Upon completion of the internship, the student must submit a certificate of attendance or completion issued by the concerned organisation to the Department or Course Coordinator, along with a detailed internship report based on the work undertaken and learning outcomes achieved during the training period. Students who have completed at least 75% of the prescribed internship duration and have submitted the required report shall be eligible to appear in the external viva-voce examination related to the internship component.

Students who fail to fulfil the minimum attendance requirement during the internship shall not be permitted to appear in the viva-voce examination. Such students will be required to complete the remaining duration of internship during the next available vacation period or any other period approved by the Department, and may appear in the viva-voce examination only in the subsequent semester.

In exceptional or unavoidable circumstances, the duration, semester or mode of internship may be modified for an individual student or for the entire batch by the Department or Course Coordinator with the approval of the competent authority.

Field Visits:

As part of the B.A. in Policing and Law Enforcement programme, the Department will organize institutional and field visits to give students practical exposure to police, forensic, correctional, disaster management, and other security-related institutions. These visits are an important non-credit component of the programme and help students gain first-hand understanding of how different law enforcement and security agencies function in practice.

Students are expected to actively participate in these visits and maintain proper discipline and professional conduct throughout the programme. Attendance, participation, observations, and submission of field reports may also be considered by the concerned teacher as part of the internal assessment.

The purpose of these visits is to help students connect classroom learning with real-life practices in policing, criminal justice administration, and security management. Such practical exposure enhances their understanding of professional systems, working procedures, and field-level challenges

Below is a suggestive list for organisational visits.

1. Cyber Control Room (1930)
2. Police Stations
3. SP Office, DG Office and any other nearby unit
4. Cybercrime Cell
5. De-addiction/Rehabilitation Centre
6. NGOs Working On Crime Victims
7. Economic Offence Wing
8. Moot Court
9. Congested Traffic Area
10. Traffic control room
11. Mental asylum center
12. One Stop Crises Center
13. Sub Divisional Magistrate office and Interaction
14. Nari Sanrakshan Gruh
15. Model Police Station Visit
16. Foresics Science Laboratory
17. Observation homes for children
18. Post Mortem Room
19. Jail
20. NGOs Working for Women Empowerment
21. Burn Ward in a Hospital
22. Bureau of Police Research and Development
23. Old Age Homes
24. Juvenile Homes
25. Open Jail
26. Juvenile Justice Board
27. Central Armed Police Forces
28. Fire and Rescue Station

Study & Evaluation Scheme

Programme : **B A in Policing and Law Enforcement/
B A in Policing and Law Enforcement(Research)/
B A in Policing and Law Enforcement(Honours)**

Duration : Three years/ Four Years/Four Years

Minimum Required Attendance : 75%

Credits required : 124/172/172

Evaluation Scheme

Course Type	Internal Evaluation	External Evaluation	Total Marks	Exam Duration	Credits
Core Major [C]	20	80	100	3 hours	5
Core Major Honours [CH]	20	80	100	3 hours	6
Minor [M]	20	80	100	3 hours	4
Multi-Disciplinary [MD]	10	40	50	2 hours	2
Ability Enhancement [AE]	10	40	50	2 hours	2
Skill Enhancement [SE]	10	40	50	2 hours	2
Internship / Field Work [I]	10	40	50	-	2
Dissertation Research [R]	20	80	100	-	6

To qualify the course a student is required to secure a minimum of 40% marks in aggregate in each course including the End Semester Examination and the teacher's Internal Evaluation shall be essential for passing the course and learning its assigned credits. A candidate, who secures less than 40% marks in a course, shall be deemed to have failed in that course.

Exception For Written External(End-Term) Examination: External Marks of the Skill Enhancement Course 'Physical Fitness and Self-Defence training offered during each semester will be assessed through practical examination.

Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation:

Internal Evaluation (20 Marks)

The internal assessment for **Core Major Paper/ Minor Papers** shall be continuous and based on the following components:

Component	Description	Marks
Mid Term assessment	Short answer or analytical responses	10
Practical Exercise / Role Play / Field-based Task	Simulations, drills, or applied exercises or any activity as deemed fit by teacher	5
Presentation / Case Study/ Classroom participation	Individual or group work as given by subject teacher	5
	Total	20

Internal Evaluation (10 Marks)

The internal assessment for **Multi-Disciplinary[MD]/ Ability Enhancement [AE]/ Skill Enhancement [SE]** Papers shall be continuous and based on the following components:

Component	Description	Marks
Mid Term assessment	Short answer or analytical responses	5
Practical Exercise / Role Play / Field-based Task/Presentation / Case Study/ Classroom participation	Simulations, drills, or applied exercises, Individual or group work as given by subject teacher or any activity as deemed fit by teacher	5
	Total	10

Practical / Skill-Based Courses

The internal assessment for courses involving **practical/ training** shall be continuous and based on the following components:

Internal Evaluation (20 Marks)

Component	Marks
Practical Exercises / Drill	10
Record / Diary / Participation	10
Total	20

External Evaluation (80 Marks)

Component	Marks
Practical Examination / Performance	50
Viva Voce	30
Total	80

Internship / Field Work Evaluation

The internal assessment for courses involving **Internship / Field Work Evaluation** shall be continuous and based on the following components:

Component	Marks
Internship Report	30
Field Supervisor Evaluation	20
Viva Voce	30
Presentation	20
Total	100

External Evaluation :

End Semester Examination Core Major Paper/ Core Major Honours/ Minor Papers

Theory Papers

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

End Semester Examination Pattern for Core Major Paper/ Minor Papers

Question Paper Pattern

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY OF POLICE, SECURITY AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE, JODHPUR

B.A Policing and Law Enforcement

(2026-27)

**Paper:
Paper Code :**

**Time allotted: 3 hours
Maximum Marks: 80**

Section A (8 × 2 marks = 16 marks)

Attempt all EIGHT questions. The word limit of each answer is 25 to 35 words. Each question carries 2 marks.

Section B (4 × 10 marks = 40 marks)

Attempt FOUR questions in all, selecting ONE question either (a) or (b) from each unit. The word limit of each answers is 350 to 400 words. Each question carries 10 marks.

Section C (2 × 12 marks = 24 marks)

Attempt any TWO questions from this part. The word limit of each answer is 450-500 words. Each question carries 12 marks.

Section A

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.

Section B

Unit I

9. (a)

OR

9. (b)

Unit II

10. (a)

OR

10. (b)

Unit III

11. (a)

OR

11. (b)

Unit IV

12.(a)

OR

12. (b)

Section C

13.

14.

15.

16.

End Semester Examination Pattern for Core Major Honours Paper

Question Paper Pattern

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY OF POLICE, SECURITY AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE, JODHPUR

B.A Policing and Law Enforcement (2026-27)

Paper:
Paper Code :

Time allotted: 3 hours
Maximum Marks: 80

Section A

(10 × 2 marks = 20 marks)

Attempt all TEN questions. The word limit of each answer is 25 to 35 words. Each question carries 2 marks.

Section B

(5× 6 marks = 30 marks)

Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting ONE question either (a) or (b) from each unit. The word limit of each answers is 200 to 250 words. Each question carries 6 marks.

Section C

(3 × 10 marks = 30 marks)

Attempt any THREE questions from this part. The word limit of each answer is 400-450 words. Each question carries 10 marks.

Section A

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9.
- 10.

Section B

Unit I

11. (a)

OR

11. (b)

Unit II

12. (a)

OR

12. (b)

Unit III

13. (a)

OR

13. (b)

Unit IV

14.(a)

OR

14.(b)

Unit V

15.(a)

OR

15. (b)

Section C

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

End Semester Examination Multi Disciplinary[MD]/Ability Enhancement [AE]/ Skill Enhancement [SE]

Theory Papers

Duration: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 40

**End Semester Examination Pattern for Multi
Disciplinary[MD]/Ability Enhancement [AE]/ Skill
Enhancement [SE]**

Question Paper Pattern

**SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY OF POLICE, SECURITY
AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE, JODHPUR**

B.A Policing and Law Enforcement

1st Semester

(2026-27)

Paper:
Paper Code :

Time allotted: 2 hours
Maximum Marks: 40

Section A

(8 × 1 Mark = 8 Marks)

Attempt all EIGHT questions. The word limit of each answer is 25 to 30 words. Each question carries 1 marks.

Section B

(4 × 5 Marks = 20 Marks)

Attempt FOUR questions in all, selecting ONE question either (a) or (b) from each unit. The word limit of each answers is 200- 250 words. Each question carries 5 marks.

Section C

(1 × 12 Marks = 12 Marks)

Attempt ONE question from this Section. The word limit of each answer is 400-450 words approximately. Each question carries 12 marks.

Section A

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.

Section B

Unit I

9. (a)

OR

9. (b)

Unit II

10. (a)

OR

10. (b)

Unit III

11. (a)

OR

11. (b)

Unit IV

12.(a)

OR

12. (b)

Section C

13.

OR

14.

Minimum Passing Criteria

Minimum 40% marks in aggregate or as per university norms

Grading System :

Percentage	Grade	Grade Point
90–100	O	10
80–89	A	9
70–79	B	8
60–69	C	7
50–59	D	6
40–49	E	5
Below 40	F	0

Syllabus

Semester I

CONSTITUTION AND POLICING

Subject Code: PLE-CP-1C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

Unit I: Constitution, Rule of Law and Police Authority

- Meaning of Constitution, Preamble and constitutional values
- Rule of law, legality, fairness and accountable use of police power
- Police as “State” under Article 12
- Federalism and policing: Union-State relations, police, public order and criminal law under Schedule VII
- Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties in public service

Unit II: Fundamental Rights and Limits on Policing

- Article 14: equality and non-arbitrary police action
- Article 19: speech, assembly, movement and public order restrictions
- Articles 20, 21 and 22: accused rights, liberty, dignity, arrest and detention safeguards
- Protection against exploitation, trafficking, forced labour and child labour
- Articles 32 and 226: writ remedies against illegal police action
- Union duty, failure of constitutional machinery and implications for policing,

Unit III: Arrest, Investigation and Custodial Safeguards

- Constitutional safeguards during arrest, detention and interrogation and Special Laws
- FIR registration, search, seizure and fair investigation
- Rights of arrested persons: information, legal aid, family intimation and magistrate production
- Protection against custodial violence, forced confession and self-incrimination

- Key guidelines: D.K. Basu, Arnesh Kumar, Lalita Kumari, Joginder Kumar and Selvi cases

Unit IV: Public Order, Surveillance, Special Powers and Police Accountability

- Policing of protests, processions, crowds, communal tension and public disorder
- Use of force: legality, necessity, proportionality and documentation
- Privacy and surveillance: CCTV, facial recognition, call records and social media monitoring, Special Laws.
- Emergency powers, Articles 355 and 356, Article 33, AFSPA and service discipline under Articles 308–311
- Police accountability through courts, writs, compensation, Human Rights Commissions and Police Complaints Authorities

Suggested Readings:

1. Basu, D. D. Shorter Constitution of India. Wadhwa & Company, Nagpur, 2001.
2. Seervai, H. M. Constitutional Law of India. Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
3. Shukla, V. N. Constitution of India. Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
4. Jain, M. P. Indian Constitutional Law. LexisNexis Butterworths Wadhwa, Nagpur.
5. Sharma, B. K. Introduction to the Constitution of India. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
6. Datar, Arvind. Commentary on the Constitution of India (3 Vols.). LexisNexis Butterworths, New Delhi, 2010.
7. Bakshi, P. M. Constitution of India (8th ed.). Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2017.
8. Basu, D. D. Introduction to the Constitution of India. LexisNexis Butterworths Wadhwa, Nagpur.
9. BPR&D material on policing

FUNDAMENTALS OF CRIMINOLOGY AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Subject Code: PLE-CCJ-1C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

UNIT-I: Crime and Criminology

- Definitions: Crime, Criminology and Criminal Justice
- Differences between concepts: Sin, Crime, Vice & Wrong; Mala in Se & Mala Prohibita; Meaning: Deviance and Delinquency, Criminogenesis, Social Pathology
- Historical Development of Criminology - Nature and Scope- Criminology
- Criminology and other relevant disciplines.

UNIT-II: Crime and Criminal Typology

- Typology of Crimes: Crimes against Human body and Crimes against Property
- Crimes against vulnerable groups: Crimes against women and children, SC/STs; Introduction of Crime Statistics in NCRB reports.
- Economic Crimes: White collar crimes and organized crimes, Environmental Crimes, Technology based Crimes, Cyber Crimes, Terrorism, Victimless Crimes, Hate Crimes, Honour Crimes
- Criminal Typology: Adult offenders and Juveniles in conflict with law, Habitual offenders, Professional offenders, Recidivist and Violent offenders

UNIT-III: Introduction to CJS

- Meaning: Criminal Justice and Criminal Justice System; Goals & Social Relevance; Legislative process in CJS
- Accusatorial & Inquisitorial systems of Criminal Justice System.
- Inter-agency coordination: Liaison between Police, Judiciary and Correctional systems & Reforms in CJS

UNIT -IV: Criminal Justice System in India

- Police in India: Police Act 1861; Organization set up of Indian Police at

present; Objectives & Roles of Police System; Basic Differences between State Police and CAPFs.

- Judicial Administration in India: Structure and Functions of Criminal Courts; Understanding the Roles of Presiding Officer, Prosecutor and Defence Counsel
- Salient Features of Indian Judicial System: Independence, Public and Fair Trial-Due Process, Speedy Trials and Access to Justice. Alternative Dispute Resolution System (ADRS); Special Courts: Mahila courts, Fast Track Courts, Children's Court, JJB.
- Meaning: Correctional System; Punishment philosophies; Prison: Objectives of imprisonment- Types of Prison Organizations-Prison Modernization-Reformation and Rehabilitation approaches in Indian Prison.

Suggested Readings:

1. Aqsa Sikander Fatima, 2025, Victimology and Criminal Justice System in India, commercial Law Publishers.
2. Sanjay Vashishtha., (2024). Ahmad Siddique's 'Criminology, Penology and Victimology', 8th ed., Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
3. Afsal Quadri,S.M.(2018). Ahmad Siddique's 'Criminology, Penology and Victimology'. Eastern Book Company, Lucknow
4. Ahuja Ram, 2000, Criminology, Rawat Publications, Delhi.
5. Albanese Jay S. 2000, Criminal Justice. Allyn and Bacon.
6. Allen, Friday, Roebuck and Sagarin, (1981), Crime and Punishment: An introduction to Criminology. The Free press. New York.
7. Banerjee, D, 2005, Central Police Organizations Part I and Part II, Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
8. Brendan Maguire & Polly F. Radosh, (1999), Introduction to Criminology, Wadsworth publishing Company, Boston, U.S.A.
9. Chaturvedi J.C, 2006, Penology and Correctional Administration, Isha Books Delhi.
10. Ebbe, Obi N. Ignatius, 2000, Comparative and International Criminal Justice System: Policing, Judiciary and Corrections, Butterworth, Boston.

11. Justice Malimath Committee on Criminal Justice Reforms, Universal Law Publication 2003.
12. K. Padmanabhaiah Committee Police Reforms, 2001.
13. Shekhar, B., & Sahni, S.P. (2020). A Global Perspective of Victimology and Criminology. Bloomsbury Publishing India
14. Sirohi, J.P.S. (2023). Criminology and Penology. Faridabad: Allahabad Law Agency.

FOUNDATIONS OF PSYCHOLOGY FOR POLICING

Subject Code: PLE-PSY-1M

Credits: 4(3L+1P/T)

Unit I

- Psychology: Nature and scope, Methods of psychological inquiry
- Psychology in law enforcement and criminal justice

Unit II

- Learning and Motivation: Classical and operant conditioning; Observational learning; intrinsic and extrinsic motivation
- Emotion and emotional regulation: Aggression and frustration, Impulse control and behavioural regulation

Unit III

- Social perception and attribution: Attitudes, stereotypes, and prejudice
- Group behaviour: Authority, obedience, and conformity; Negotiation and persuasion in policing

Unit IV

- Stress and coping: Nature and sources of stress in policing, Stress response and physiological impact, Burnout and fatigue, Coping mechanisms
- Mental health: Issues and awareness about Mental health in police work; resilience, and well-being mechanisms

Suggested Readings:

1. Bartol, C. R., & Bartol, A. M. (2019). Introduction to forensic psychology: Research and application (5th ed.). Sage Publications.
2. Bull, R. (2019). Criminal psychology: A beginner's guide (2nd ed.). Oneworld Publications.
3. Ciccarelli, S. K., White, J. N. & Misra, G. (2025). Psychology (7th ed.). Pearson.
4. Forbes, R. (2016). Criminal psychology: Understanding the criminal mind and its nature through criminal profiling. CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform.
5. Kalat, J. W. (2021). Introduction to psychology (12th ed.). Cengage Learning.
6. Myers, D. G., DeWall, C. N. (2015). Psychology (11th ed.). Worth Publishers.

NATIONAL CADET CORPS I

Subject Code: PLE-NCC-1SE

Credits: 2

Unit I

- The NCC, Aims and Objective of NCC, Organisation and Training and NCC Song, Incentives, Duties, Responsibility & Conduct by NCC Cadet; Military History (MH), Biographies of renowned Generals (Carriapa/Sam Manekshaw), Indian Army War Heroes – PVCs, Study of battles of Indo Pak War 1965, 1971 and Kargil, War Movies

Unit II

- National Integration and Awareness, Heritage of India, Freedom Struggle and Nationalist Movement in India, Introduction to Constitution of India, National Integration: Importance and Necessity, Factors Affecting National Integration, Unity in Diversity, Slogans & Images of National Integration, Role of NCC in Nation Building, NCC and Nation Integration

Unit III

- Armed Forces, Basic Organisation of Armed Forces, Organisation of Army, Badges and Ranks, Task and role of fighting arms, Task and Role of supporting arms and service, Honors and Awards, Modes of entry to army.
- Personality Development Life Skills, Introduction to Personality Development, Factors influencing/shaping personality: Physical, Social, Psychological and Philosophical,

Unit IV

- Self - awareness: Know yourself/insight, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Communication Skills, Decision Making & Problem Solving, coping with stress and Emotion, Change your Mindset, Time Management, Sociability, Social Skills, Etiquettes & Mannerism, Importance of Group/ Team Work, Interview Skills, Career Counselling
- Practical Learning: Drill (Foot Drill), Weapon Training: Characteristics of a rifle/rifle ammunition and its fire power, Stripping, assembling, care and cleaning and sight setting of .22 rifle, Loading, cocking and unloading, the lying position, holding and Aiming

Suggested Readings:

1. National Cadet Corps (NCC). Official Website. Government of India.
2. NCC Course Book. Upkar Prakashan, Agra

INDIA'S INTERNAL SECURITY

Subject Code: PLE-IIS-1MD

Credits - 2

Unit 1: Institutional Framework

- Scope and evolution of internal security (traditional vs. non-traditional threats).
- National security architecture: Centre-State coordination and Ministry of Home

Affairs (MHA).

- Central Armed Police Forces (CAPFs): CRPF, BSF, ITBP, CISF, SSB
- Intelligence and investigation agencies: IB, RAW, NIA, CBI; State units (ATS, STF).

Unit 2: Insurgency and Militancy Challenges

- North-East insurgency: Causes, groups and counter-strategies.
- Left-Wing Extremism (Naxalism): Origins, spread, socio-economic impacts and rehabilitation.
- Punjab militancy: Historical lessons and resolution models
- Jammu & Kashmir militancy: Dynamics, operations, and peacebuilding

Unit 3: Terrorism and Counter Terrorism

- Terrorism: Types, cross-border networks, radicalization and de-radicalization
- Counter-terrorism: Strategies, intelligence coordination and legal frameworks (UAPA, NIA Act, National Counter-Terrorism Policy & Strategy)

Unit 4: Border Management and Emerging Frontiers

- Border guarding forces: BSF, ITBP, Assam Rifles and their roles in countering infiltration, smuggling and illegal migration.
- Coastal and maritime security: Challenges and Navy-Coast Guard coordination.

Suggested Readings:

1. Kanti Bajpai and Harsh V. Pant, H. V. (Eds.) (2013). *India's national security: A Reader*. Oxford University Press.
2. Srikant Paranjpe, (2009). *India's internal security: Issues and perspectives*. Kalinga Publications.
3. Arvind Gupta, (2018). *How India manages its national security*. Penguin Random House India.

4. Ministry of Home Affairs. *Annual report*. New Delhi: Government of India (latest editions)
5. Amit Ahuja, Devesh Kapur, (Eds.). (2023). *Internal security in India: Violence, order, and the state*. Oxford University Press.
6. K. S. Subramanian, (2007). *Political violence and the police in India*. Sage Publication.

PHYSICAL FITNESS AND SELF DEFENCE TRAINING

Subject Code: PLE-PFSD-1SE

Credits: 2

- Practical training
- Fitness and participation based program

Basic Physical Conditioning (Suggested activities)

- Warm-up and stretching exercises
- Running, jogging and endurance drills
- Free hand exercises
- Flexibility and posture improvement
- Introduction to yoga and breathing exercises
- Basic drill and discipline training

Syllabus

Semester II

HUMAN RIGHTS AND POLICE DUTIES

Subject Code: PLE-HRP-2C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

Unit I: Foundations of Human Rights in Policing

- Meaning and importance of human rights in police work
- Human dignity, equality, liberty, fairness and rule of law
- Natural justice, due process and fair treatment by police
- Human rights duties in civil and criminal justice administration
- Rights-based approach in complaint handling, investigation and public dealing

Unit II: International Human Rights Standards for Police

- UDHR, 1948; ICCPR, 1966; ICESCR, 1966 and their relevance to policing
- UN Code of Conduct for Law Enforcement Officials, 1979
- UN Basic Principles on the Use of Force and Firearms, 1990
- Convention Against Torture, 1984: India as signatory but non-ratifying State
- Universal Periodic Review mechanism and scrutiny of policing, custody and accountability

Unit III: Human Rights Law, NHRC and Police Accountability

- Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993: NHRC, SHRC and Human Rights Courts
- Powers and functions of NHRC/SHRC in police-related complaints
- NHRC guidelines on arrest, custodial death, encounter death and investigation
- Reporting, documentation, medical examination and inquiry duties of police
- Departmental accountability, compensation and disciplinary action for violations

Unit IV: Human Rights in Police Operations

- Human rights of complainants, victims, witnesses, accused and suspects
- Custodial violence, torture, illegal detention and remedies
- Arrest, interrogation, search, seizure and use of force safeguards

- Protection of women, children, elderly, SC/ST persons, minorities and persons with disabilities
- Important judgments: D.K. Basu, Nilabati Behera, Joginder Kumar, Arnesh Kumar, Selvi and Prakash Singh

Suggested Reading:

1. H.O. Agarwal, International Law & Human Rights, 1st Ed. (Rep) Central Law Agency 2014
2. S.K Kapoor, International Law & Human Right 18th Ed., Central Law Agency, 2018
3. Wallace, International Human Rights, 1996 Sweet & Maxwell
4. Theodor Meron (ed.), Human Right in International Law
5. V.R.Krishna Iyer, The Dialectics and Dynamics of Human Right in India
6. UN General Assembly, Code of Conduct for Law Enforcement Officials, 1979.
7. United Nations, Basic Principles on the Use of Force and Firearms by Law Enforcement Officials, 1990.
8. United Nations, Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, 1984.
9. UN Human Rights Council, Universal Periodic Review: India, Working Group Reports and Recommendations, latest cycle.
10. National Human Rights Commission, Guidelines on Arrest, Custodial Death, Encounter Death and Police Conduct, latest available materials.

POLICE ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

Subject Code: PLE-PAI-2C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

UNIT-I: Police Administration

- Introduction to Police Administration-Development of Police Administration, various contexts of Police Administration and Challenges of Police Administration in Democratic Society.
- History of Police and Policing in Modern India (1857 onwards), Role of Police in Independent India, Constitutional provisions regarding policing in India,
- Police Administration Principles: Superintendence, Span of control, Delegation of authority, Unity of command.
- Types of Police Organization: Central Police Organizations, State Police, Civil Police. Armed wing and other branches. International Co-operation in Police: International Criminal Police Organization.

UNIT-II: Police recruitment, training, Police Reforms and Police Community Relations

- An introduction to police recruitment and training in India.
- Police Act of 1861, Model Police Act 2006 (PADC Bill), Rajasthan Police Act 2007.
- Police Reforms in Independent India: overview regarding recommendations given National Police Commission Recommendations (NPC) 1977, Padmanabhaiah Committee Report, NH Vohra Committee Report, PIL by Sh. Prakash Singh (Ex DGP, BSF), Malimath Committee Report, Ribeiro Committee, Gore Committee report.
- An introduction to Police Community Relations.

UNIT-III: Styles and Types of Policing & Present Scenario

- Introduction to various styles and types of policing

- Overview about Police Personality, Problems in Police Personnel Management, Professionalism (police), Individual officer and factors affecting discretionary decisions of individual police officers.
- Effectiveness of Policing, Creation of service standards, Present Scenario- Shortcomings- Complaint redress value, Ethics in Policing.
- An introduction to Terrorism, Extremism, Naxalism, Insurgency and Fundamentalism, Introduction to use of technology in policing, Modernization of Policing, role of training in police-community relations, Significance of Soft-skills in Police-Community relations.

UNIT-IV: Powers, Duties and Emerging Challenges in Policing

- Executive powers and duties of police officers in the investigation of crime (with reference to Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS), 2023 provisions).
- Role of Police in Indian Society-Public order and Duties of Police-Internal and external challenges in policing; Depiction of Police in Media: Print and Visual media, Changes in Public and Political Attitudes towards Police.
- Police Image, Police Corruption, Police and Human Rights,
- Dimensions of Police accountability in India: Courts, Executive Magistrates, State Government, CAO, Citizens/ Community, Programmes for redressing public grievances, Police Complaints Authorities. Challenges in dealing with Technology: AI Technology

Suggested Readings:

1. Choudhary, R. (2009). Policing reinvention strategies in a marketing framework. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
2. Stan Stojkovic, David Kalinich, John Koflas., (2007). Criminal Justice Organizations: Administration and Management. Cengage Learning.
3. Coffey, A. R. (1975). The prevention of crime and delinquency. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall.
4. Dennis, P., Lurigio, A. J., & Davis, R. C. (1998). The prevention of crime: Social and situational strategies. Wadsworth Publishing Company.

5. Diaz, S. M. (1976). New dimensions to the police role and functions in India. National Police Academy.
6. Cordner, M. (2019). Police administration. Routledge.
7. Mathur, K. M. (1994). Indian police: Role and challenges. Gyan Publishing House.
8. Lab, S. (2000). Crime prevention: Approaches, practices, and evaluations. Anderson Publishing Company.
9. Morley, W. H. (1958). Administration of justice in India. Metropolitan.
10. Ashraf, N. (1992). Police and policing in India. Common Wealth Publishers.
11. Parmar, M. S. (1992). Problems of police administration. Reliance Publishing House.
12. Singh, P. (2022). The struggle for police reforms in India: Ruler's police to people's police. Rupa Publications

FUNDAMENTALS OF SOCIOLOGY

Subject Code: PLE-SOC-2M

Credits: 4 (3L+1T)

UNIT I: Sociology and the Study of Society

- Sociology: meaning, nature, and scope
- Emergence of sociology (Comte, Durkheim, Weber, Marx)
- Sociological imagination
- Methods in sociology: qualitative and quantitative

UNIT II: Culture and Socialization

- Culture: norms, values, beliefs, symbols
- Socialization: agents (family, school, media, peer group)
- Self and identity (Mead, Cooley)
- Social interaction and everyday life

UNIT III: Social Structure and Inequality

- Social structure: status and role

- Social stratification: caste, class, gender
- Power and authority (Weber)
- Rural and urban society

UNIT IV: Social Institutions and Social Change

- Family, education, religion, economy, polity
- Functions and dysfunctions of institutions
- Social change: factors and theories
- Globalization and modernity

Suggested Readings:

1. Giddens, A., & Sutton, P. W. (2021). *Sociology* (9th ed.). Cambridge: Polity Press.
2. Haralambos, M., Holborn, M., & Chapman, S. (2018). *Sociology: Themes and Perspectives* (8th ed.). London: Collins.
3. Macionis, J. J. (2018). *Sociology* (16th ed.). Boston: Pearson.
4. Bottomore, T. B. (1971). *Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature*. London: George Allen & Unwin.
5. Ritzer, G., & Stepnisky, J. (2017). *Sociological Theory* (10th ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill.
6. Berger, P. L. (1963). *Invitation to Sociology: A Humanistic Perspective*. New York: Anchor Books.
7. Durkheim, É. (1912/1995). *The Elementary Forms of Religious Life*. New York: Free Press.
8. Weber, M. (1922/1978). *Economy and Society: An Outline of Interpretive Sociology*. Berkeley: University of California Press.
9. Srinivas, M. N. (2002). *Social Change in Modern India*. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.
10. Ahuja, R. (2016). *Society in India: Concepts, Theories and Recent Trends*. Jaipur: Rawat Publications

CYBER CRIME INVESTIGATION

Subject Code: PLE-CCI-2MD.

Credits: 2

Unit I: Introduction to Cyber Crime

- Meaning and evolution of cyber-crime. Overview of cyber-crime threats in India and the role of government and law-enforcement initiatives. Common categories of cyber crime: hacking, phishing, malware, spoofing, identity theft, data theft, cyber stalking, cyber bullying, and financial fraud. Cyber criminals, victims, and the impact of cyber offences on individuals, organizations, and public systems. Basic tools and techniques used to commit cyber-crimes.

Unit II: Digital Evidence and Cyber Forensics

- Concept and characteristics of digital evidence. Sources of digital evidence: computers, laptops, mobile phones, storage media, network devices, and cloud-related records. Principles of collection, preservation, and documentation of digital evidence. Introduction to cyber forensics and its role in criminal investigation. Importance of authenticity, integrity, and admissibility of electronic evidence.

Unit III: Legal Framework and Investigation Basics

- Cyber crimes under the Information Technology Act, 2000 and the IT Amendment Act, 2008. Relationship between cyber offences and relevant provisions of the Indian Penal Code and other special laws. Legal concepts related to search, seizure, preservation notice, and chain of custody. Pre-investigation assessment and preliminary review of the scene of offence. Role of investigators, forensic experts, and service providers in cyber-crime cases.

Unit IV: Investigation Procedures and Case Handling

- Standard Operating Procedures for cyber-crime investigation. Crime scene handling in home, corporate, and cybercafé environments. Forensic imaging, packaging, labeling, transportation, and documentation of evidence.

Investigation of scenario-based offences such as phishing, fake profiles, data theft, website defacement, and hacking using keyloggers. Preparation of charge sheet, expert opinion requests, and courtroom presentation of digital evidence.

Suggested Readings:

1. Data Security Council of India (DSCI). *Cyber Crime Investigation Manual*. Data Security Council of India, New Delhi.
2. Government of India. *The Information Technology Act, 2000 (Act No. 21 of 2000) and the Information Technology (Amendment) Act, 2008*. Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology, Government of India.
3. Nelson, B., Phillips, A., & Steuart, C. *Guide to Computer Forensics and Investigations*. Cengage Learning.
4. Casey, E. *Digital Evidence and Computer Crime: Forensic Science, Computers, and the Internet*. Academic Press.
5. Chaudhary, R. K., & Choudhary, R. *Cyber Law and Cyber Crimes*. Central Law Publications.
6. Bare Act. *Cyber Laws: Information Technology Act, 2000 with Allied Rules*. Universal Law Publishing Co.

सामान्य हिन्दी

Subject Code: PLE-HIN-2AE

Credits: 2

Unit-I : हिन्दी भाषा एवं व्याकरण का आधार

- हिन्दी भाषा का परिचय एवं विकास
- मानक हिन्दी : वर्ण, शब्द एवं वाक्य संरचना
- देवनागरी लिपि एवं वर्तनी के मानक नियम
- हिन्दी की संवैधानिक स्थिति एवं राजभाषा के रूप में हिन्दी
- संधि, समास, उपसर्ग एवं प्रत्यय

Unit-II : शब्द ज्ञान एवं भाषा शुद्धि

- तत्सम-तद्भव शब्द
- पर्यायवाची एवं विलोम शब्द
- अनेकार्थी शब्द एवं वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द
- शब्द शुद्धि एवं वाक्य शुद्धि
- मुहावरे एवं लोकोक्तियाँ

Unit-III : व्यावहारिक हिन्दी एवं कार्यालयी लेखन

- संक्षेपण एवं पल्लवन
- अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी अनुवाद
- व्यक्तिगत, व्यावसायिक एवं शासकीय पत्र लेखन
- कार्यालयी प्रारूप : ज्ञापन, सूचना, परिपत्र, अधिसूचना एवं प्रेस विज्ञप्ति
- पारिभाषिक शब्दावली का सामान्य परिचय

Unit-IV : रचनात्मक एवं प्रतियोगी हिन्दी लेखन

- समसामयिक विषयों पर निबंध लेखन
- सामाजिक, सांस्कृतिक, राजनीतिक एवं वैज्ञानिक विषयों पर लेखन
- अपठित गद्यांश आधारित प्रश्न
- भाषा कौशल एवं अभिव्यक्ति क्षमता

सहायक ग्रंथ सूची:

1. बाहरी, हरदेव. *हिन्दी: उद्भव, विकास और रूप*. किताब महल प्रकाशन, इलाहाबाद।
2. तिवारी, भोला नाथ. *हिन्दी भाषा का इतिहास*. वाणी प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली।
3. बाहरी, हरदेव. *व्यावहारिक हिन्दी व्याकरण*. लोकभारती प्रकाशन, प्रयागराज।
4. ओमप्रकाश. *व्यावहारिक हिन्दी*. राजपाल एण्ड सन्स, नई दिल्ली।
5. बाहरी, हरदेव. *हिन्दी शब्द-अर्थ प्रयोग*. लोकभारती प्रकाशन, प्रयागराज।

PHYSICAL FITNESS AND SELF DEFENCE TRAINING

Subject Code: PLE-PFSD-2SE

Credits: 2 (Practical)

- Practical training
- Fitness and participation based program

Strength and Stamina Development (Suggested activities)

- Cardio exercises and circuit training
- Core strengthening activities
- Balance and coordination exercises
- Team physical activities
- Yoga asanas for fitness
- Basic self-defence awareness and safety techniques

Syllabus

Semester III

BHARTIYA NYAY SANHITA AND POLICING

Subject Code: PLE-BNSP-3C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

Unit-I

- General Principles of Crime, Elements and Stages of Crime: Mens-rea and Actus Reus, Preparation and Attempt;
- General Explanation
- Territorial jurisdiction
- Punishment
- General Exceptions

Unit-II

- Abetment, Criminal Conspiracy & attempt
- Offences against woman and child
- Offences affecting human body
- Offence against the State
- Offences relating to the Army, Navy & Air force

Unit-III

- Offences relating to elections
- Offences relating to coin, currency-notes, Bank-notes and Government Stamps
- Offences against public tranquility
- Offences by or relating to Public Servants
- Contempt of the lawful authority of public Servants

Unit-IV

- False evidence and offences against public justice
- Offences affecting public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals
- Offences relating to religion
- Offences against property
- Offences relating to documents and property marks
- Criminal Intimidation, Insult, Annoyance, Defamation etc.

Suggested Reading:

1. Nigam, R. C. *Principles of Criminal Law: Law of Crimes in India* (Vol. I). Asia Publishing House, New York, 1965.
2. Ratanlal & Dhirajlal. *The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023*. LexisNexis, New Delhi.
3. Mulla. *The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023*. LexisNexis, New Delhi.
4. Mishra, S. N. *Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023*. Central Law Publications, Prayagraj.
5. *LexisNexis Textbook on the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023*. LexisNexis, New Delhi.

POLICE STATION MANAGEMENT

Subject Code: PLE-PSM-3C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

UNIT-I: Force Management & Duties

- Training for police officers in Management.
- Delegation of duties to staff: Various duties performed by Police Station Staff – Rotation of duties among Constables and Head Constables.
- Duties and Responsibilities of SHOs: Maintenance of General Diary, Registration of Cases-Procedure for Registration of FIRs, Traffic Management, Intelligence Gathering, VIP Security, Role of SJPU-CWPO-Do's and Don'ts
- Enquiry into Cognizable Complaints and petitions; Emergency Response Team ;

UNIT-II:

Maintenance of Police Station Records-I: Crime Records, Investigation Records

- Crime Records: Part I to V., Alphabetical Index, Ex-Convict Register, etc.
- Registers relating to the Maintenance of Law and Order
- Registers relating to Registration of Cases: Arrest and Search of accused, P.S.R, Arrest card; Maintenance of Case Diary Files
- Bails Bonds, FIR index, Form 95, Charge sheet book. Referred charge sheet, etc

UNIT-III:

Maintenance of Police Station Records-II: General Administration Records

- Administrative records: - General Diary, Sentry Relief Book, Duty Roster
- Overview about Police Personality, Problems in Police Personnel Management, Professionalism (police), Individual officer and factors affecting discretionary decisions of individual police officers.
- Village Roster, Government Property Register
- Gun license register, Arms- Deposit Register, Process Register, Medical History Sheet
- Defaulter sheet, Small-service book, Off duty register, Dispatch Register, etc.

UNIT-IV: Station Management

- Management of Station Property and Accounts
- Maintenance of the Building Premises – Periodical repairs to be undertaken; Line hut visit (Quarters)
- Security of the Premises: Maintenance of Arms and Securing Arms and Ammunition.
- Managing the lockup decorum – Safe custody of the accused / suspect.

Suggested Readings:

1. Diaz, S.M., (1976), *New Dimensions to the Police Role and Functions in India*, Published by the National Police Academy, Hyderabad.
2. Krishna Mohan Mathur, (1994), *Indian Police, Role and Challenges*, Gyan Publishing House, New Delhi.
3. K. Padmanabhaiah Committee Police Reforms, 2001.
4. Mehraj-din Mir. 1984, *Crime and Criminal Justice System in India*, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi.
5. Nehad Ashraf, (1992), *Police and Policing in India*, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi.
6. Parmar M.S., (1992), *Problems of Police Administration*, Reliance Publishing House, New Delhi.
7. Police Standing Order: Volume 1 to IV.
8. Reid, Sue Titus, 2006, *Crime and Criminology*. Mc. Graw Hill Publishers.

9. Schmallegger. Frank, 1999, *Criminal Justice today*, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
10. Sethi, R.B., (1983), *The Police Acts*, Law Book Co., Allahabad
11. Singh, P. (2022). *The struggle for police reforms in India: Ruler's police to people's police*. Rupa Publications
12. CH. Malhal Rao & Aravind Prasad ,N. (2021). *Police Investigation Compendium*. Asia Law House, Hyderabad
13. rivastava Aparna. (1999). *Policing in the 21st Century*, Indian Institute of Police Administration.
14. Stan Stojkovic, David Kalinich, John Koflas., (2007). *Criminal Justice Organizations: Administration and Management*. Cengage Learning.

HISTORY OF POLICING IN INDIA **(Special Reference To Rajasthan)**

Subject Code: PLE-HPI-3M

Credits: 4 (3L+1T)

Unit I -- Ancient & Medieval India

- Vedic Period: The earliest references to crimes
- The Mauryan and The Gupta Empire and with special focus on *Arthshastra* & the travelogues of Fa-Hein.
- Law and Order in Theocratic States during Medieval periods. Mughal Policing in a military and autocratic framework—an Overview. Key Ranks: Kotwal, Faujdar , Chaukidar.

Unit II -- British Colonial Era

- Establishment of permanent police force by the British Power , the Cornwallis Code (1793),
- Police Act of 1861: The foundation of modern policing in India , Establishment of Indian
- Imperial Police in 1893 and its management of higher ranks.

Unit III -- Post-Independence & Contemporary India

- India's Independence and its first Home Minister-- Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel , Creation of IAS and IPS with special reference to Article 312 of the Indian Constitution,
- The Central Armed Police Force- ITBP, CRPF, BSF, CISF etc. The Investigating Agencies like the CBI and NIA.

Unit IV-- Police system in Rajasthan

- Policing in the Rajput princely states , Phases of Integration of Rajputana in India ,
- Police as a State Subject, Formation of Rajasthan Police Force , Rajasthan Police Act 2007, RAC with its women-led police battalions , MBC, SDRF, TAF, the Traffic Police, Mahila Thanas,
- Tourist Thanas, Cyber Thanas & Community Policing.

Suggested Readings :

1. Mishra, Kamal Kishore. *Police Administration in Ancient India*. Mittal Publications, New Delhi.
2. Das Gupta, Ramaprasad. *Crime and Punishment in Ancient India*. Firma KLM Private Ltd., Calcutta.
3. Jha, Ganganatha (Trans.). *Manusmriti with the Commentary of Medhatithi*. Motilal Banarsidass Publishers, Delhi.
4. Shamasastri, R. (Trans.). *Kautilya's Arthashastra*. Mysore Printing and Publishing House, Mysore.
5. Sharma, R. S. *History of Ancient India*. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
6. Das, Sukla. *Crime and Punishment in Ancient India*. Abhinav Publications, New Delhi.
7. Ahmad, M. B. *The Administration of Justice in Medieval India*. Kitab Mahal, Allahabad.
8. Shah, Giriraj. *History and Organisation of Indian Police*. Gyan Publishing House, New Delhi.
9. Chandra, Satish. *History of Medieval India*. Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.
10. Ghosh, S. C. *The History of the Indian Police*. R. Cambray & Co. Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta.
11. Mehta, Devansh. *Indian Police Service: Structure, Challenges and Future Direction*. Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
12. Arnold, David. *Police Power and Colonial Rule: Madras, 1859–1947*. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
13. Sen, S. *Policing in Colonial Bengal, 1861–1947*. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

14. Anderson, David, & Killingray, David (Eds.). *Policing and Decolonisation: Politics, Nationalism, and the Police, 1917–1965*. Manchester University Press, Manchester.
15. Chandra, Bipan. *Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India*. Orient Longman, New Delhi.
16. Hooja, Rima. *A History of Rajasthan*. Rupa Publications India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
17. Banerjee, A. C. *Rajput States and the East India Company*. Rajesh Publications, New Delhi.

INFORMATION SECURITY AND PRIVACY

Subject Code: PLE-ISP-3MD

Credits: 2

Unit I:

- Introduction to Information Security: Concepts and Significance; Confidentiality, Integrity, and Availability (CIA Triad), Information assets, Information threat landscape, Digital Signatures, Online Tracking, Vulnerabilities, Risk Assessment, Risk Management Strategies

Unit II:

- Authentication Techniques: Passwords and Security Questions, Challenge-Response Mechanisms, Biometrics Authentication; Cryptographic Hash Functions and Their Applications; Authorization and Access Control Models; Common Web-based Attacks: Phishing and Clickjacking Overview of Secure System Design Practices

Unit III

- Types of Cyber Attacks: malware, phishing, botnets, ransomware; Denial of Service (DoS) and Distributed DoS (DDoS), Social Engineering Techniques and Preventive Measures, Fundamentals of Network Security, Firewalls, Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS) and Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPS), Emerging Trends in Cyber Threats, Case studies

Unit IV

- Concept of Privacy in the Digital Era, Personal Data, Sensitive Information, Data Protection Policies; Cyber Intelligence and Open-Source Intelligence (OSINT), National Cyber Security Policies and Government Initiatives, Cybersecurity Standards

Suggested Readings:

1. Stamp, Mark. *Information Security: Principles and Practice*. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Stallings, William. *Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice*. Pearson Education, Noida.
3. Godbole, Nina, & Belapure, Sunit. *Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives*. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
4. Nelson, Bill, Phillips, Amelia, & Steuart, Christopher. *Guide to Computer Forensics and Investigations*. Cengage Learning, Boston.
5. Schneier, Bruce. *Data and Goliath: The Hidden Battles to Collect Your Data and Control Your World*. W. W. Norton & Company, New York.

NATIONAL CADET CORPS II

Subject Code: PLE-NCC2-3SE

Credits: 2

Unit I

- Leadership, Leadership Traits, Indication of Good Leadership, Leadership & Motivation, Case Studies on effects of Leadership in NCC, Moral Values & Character traits, Honors Code Concept, Case Study: Vivekanand, Kiran Bedi and MS Dhoni

Unit II

- Map Reading (MR), Introduction of types of Maps and conventional signs, Scales and Grid system, Topographical forms and technical terms, Relief, contours and Gradients, Cardinal points and types of north, Types of Bearings and use of service protractor, Prismatic compass and its use and GPS, setting a map, finding north and own position, Map to Ground, Ground to Map, Point to Point March Disaster Management, DM Organisation Legislation Policies, Types of emergencies/Natural Disaster, Essential Service and their maintenance, Traffic control during disaster under Police Supervision, Role of NCC during Natural Disaster, Do's & Dont's for NCC Cadet performing

Unit III

- DM duties, Fire Service and Fire Fighting, CivDefense Organisation & its duties; Field Craft and Battle Craft (FC & BC), Judging Distance, Description of ground, Recognition, description and indication of landmarks and targets, Observation, Camouflage and Concealment, Field Signals, Section Formations, Fire Control Orders, Fire and Movement, Types of knots and lashings Social Awareness and Community Development, Basics of Social Service its needs, Rural Development Programs

Unit IV

- NGOs: Role and Contribution, Civic Responsibility: Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Contribution of Youth towards Social Welfare, Social Security Schemes, Social Evils viz Dowry/Female Feticide/Child abuse and trafficking etc, Drug Abuse & trafficking, Causes and Prevention of HIV/ AIDS: Role of Youth, RTI and RTE, Protection of Children, Road/Rail Travel Safety, Govts new Initiative, Counter Terrorism Practical Learning: Drill With Arms (AD), Weapon Training: Trigger control and firing a shot, Range procedure and safety precautions, Theory of group and snap shooting

Suggested Readings:

1. National Cadet Corps (NCC). *Official Website*. Government of India.
2. *NCC Course Book*. Upkar Prakashan, Agra.

PHYSICAL FITNESS AND SELF DEFENCE TRAINING

Subject Code: PLE-PFSD-3SE

Credits: 2 (Practical)

- Practical training
- Fitness and participation based program

Self Defence and Reflex Training (Suggested Activities)

- Defensive stance and body positioning
- Escape techniques from holding/grabbing

- Reaction and reflex exercises
- Agility and mobility drills
- Group coordination exercises
- Meditation and stress management practices

SUMMER INTERNSHIP

Subject Code: PLE-SI-3I

Credits: 4

- The Summer Internship is a compulsory practical component of the programme.
- A minimum of 40-60 days of summer internship is required.
- Students shall undergo internship/training in police, forensic, correctional, disaster management, legal aid, or other related Institutions/organizations.
- The internship aims to provide practical exposure to policing, administration, investigation, community interaction, and institutional functioning.
- Students shall maintain discipline, attendance, and professional conduct during the internship period.
- Submission of Internship Report and Viva Voce/Presentation shall be mandatory.
- Evaluation shall be based on attendance, field performance, internship report, and viva voce/presentation.

Syllabus

Semester IV

BHARTIYA NAGRIK SURAKSHA SANHITA AND POLICING

Subject Code: PLE-BNSSP-4C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

Unit-I

- Introduction and definitions
- Classes of Criminal Courts and their power to award sentences including appointment of prosecuting officers and special prosecuting officers
- Power of Superior officers of police
- Public to aid police and magistrate

Unit-II

- Arrest of persons (including use of force and use of handcuffs)
- Security for keeping peace and good behavior
- Maintenance of Public order and tranquility
- Preventive action of the police
- Investigation

Unit-III

- Commencement of proceedings before Magistrate
- Trials (i) Session Trial (ii) Warrant Trial (iii) Summon Trial (iv) Summary Trial
- Plea Bargaining
- Attendance of Prisoners before the court

Unit- IV

- General provisions relating to enquiries and trials
- Provisions relating to accused person of unsound mind
- Provisions as to offences affecting administration of justice
- Execution, commutation, suspension & remission of sentences
- Bail and bonds

Suggested Reading:

1. Kansal, S. (2025). *Taxmann's Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS): Law & practice*. Taxmann Publications.
2. Gaur, K. D. (2024). *Textbook on the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023*. LexisNexis.

3. Jhabvala, N. H. (2024). *Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023*. M&J Services.
4. Sohoni, V. N. (2024). *The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023*. Eastern Book Company.
5. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). LexisNexis.

CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION

Subject Code: PLE-CI-4C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

UNIT- I: Basics of Investigation

- Legal Definition – Sec. 2(1) (i) of BNSS; Objectives of Criminal Investigation; Characteristics and Role of Investigating Officer.
- Legal Issues in Investigation: Case Laws on Registration of FIR, Drafting various kinds of FIR, recording of statements, arrest, confession, summons and warrants. Relevant Case- laws/studies
- Techniques of Interviews and Interrogations: Do's & Don'ts during interrogation/format of writing of interrogation report. Relevant Case laws/studies.
- Follow-up Investigative Processes: Identification of Criminal Suspects; Criminal Intelligence and surveillance operations; Management of Informants and Undercover Operations; Relevant Case-laws/studies.

UNIT- II: Crime Scene Management

- The Crime Scene: Field Notes, Documenting and Reporting, Relevant Case-laws/studies Sketch drawing of scene of crime, Photography, Use of video and CCTV, Relevant Case- laws/studies.
- The First Officer's Responsibilities, Securing the Crime Scene, Handling Special situations at crime scene, Assessing the Crime Scene, Relevant Case-Laws/studies.
- Physical clues with regard to various offences: Guidelines for searching, collection, packaging, marking and transportation of physical evidence;

Relevant Case-laws/studies.

UNIT –III: Investigation of Traditional Crimes

- Medical Jurisprudence and Homicide Investigation; Relevant Case-laws/studies
- Investigation of body offences and rape: Medical examination and recording of statements of victims, accused and witnesses; collection of evidence; guidelines to deal with missing persons; Investigation of kidnapping and abduction cases; hostage negotiation; Relevant Case-laws/studies
- Investigation of property offences: Modus operandi; police station records; importance of crime maps; property recovery; intelligence collection and use of scientific aids. Relevant Case-laws/studies
- Investigation of Traffic accident cases: Investigation/Collection of evidence including tire/skid marks in road accident cases, traffic accident scene management. Relevant Case- laws/studies.

UNIT –IV: Investigation of Contemporary Crimes

- Investigation of Economic Offences: Investigation of cases of forgery, Cheating and Misappropriation, Investigation of ATM Card, Credit Card/ Debit Card Frauds. Relevant Case-laws/studies
- Investigation of Organized Crimes: Investigation of cases related to Human Trafficking, Bonded Labour, Drug trafficking. Relevant Case-laws/studies
- Investigation of Cyber Crime Cases: Steps and tools/software for tracing and investigation of cybercrimes; procedure for investigation in social networking site; technical surveillance- tracing criminals through cell-phone; internet interceptions. Relevant Case- laws/studies
- Investigation of Terrorism & Arson cases: Various forms of terrorism and modus operandi; psychological profiling of a terrorist; investigation of post blast cases; intelligence collection; lifting of evidence from SOC in arson cases. Relevant Case-laws/studies; Use of Artificial Intelligence in

Investigations

Suggested Readings:

1. CH. Malhal Rao & Aravind Prasad ,N. (2021). Police Investigation Compendium. Asia Law House, Hyderabad
2. Nayyar, Y. V. (2023). Criminal Investigation & Police. Bharat Law House.
3. Routledge. (2024). Practical Aspects of Criminal and Forensic Investigations Series
4. Ashraf, N. (1992). Police and policing in India. Common Wealth Publishers
5. Cruise, D. (2002). The business of private investigations. Thomas Investigative Publications.
6. Jayaprakash, P. T. (2022). Crime scene investigation and reconstruction: An illustrated manual and field guide. CRC Press.
7. Nabar, B. S. (2007). Forensic science in crime investigation (3rd ed.). Asia Law House.
8. Ramachandran, R.(2021). Scientific Techniques in Criminal Investigation. Kamal Publishers; 2nd Edition.
9. Ramanujam, T. (1992). Prevention and detection of crime. Madras Book Agency.
10. Sharma, B. R. (2007). Forensic science in criminal investigation and trials. Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.

INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM

Subject Code: PLE-IPS-4M

Credits: 4(3L+1T)

Unit 1: Foundations of Indian Constitution

- Salient Features of Indian Constitution
- Preamble

- Fundamental Rights
- Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy
- Indian Federalism: Nature and feature
- Centre-State Relations ((Legislative, Administrative, Financial)

Unit 2: Union and State Government

- President: Election, Powers and Functions
- Vice-President
- Prime Minister and Council of Ministers
- Parliament: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha
- Supreme Court: Composition, Jurisdiction and Judicial Review
- Governor: Powers and Functions
- Chief Minister and Council of Ministers
- High Court: Composition, Jurisdiction and Functions

Unit 3: Local Governance and Key Constitutional Bodies

- Panchayati Raj and Municipal Government with special reference to the 73rd and 74th Amendments
- Comptroller and Auditor General
- Finance Commission
- Union Public Service Commission and Rajasthan Public Service Commission

Unit 4: Political Dynamics and Electoral Politics

- Caste, Communalism and Regionalism in Indian Politics
- Election Commission of India: Role and Functions
- Political Parties in India: National and State Parties
- Coalition Politics
- Voting behaviour: Determinants and Patterns
- Electoral reforms
- Good Governance and Democratic Accountability

Suggested Readings:

1. Chakrabarty, Bidyut. Indian Political System: Institutions and Processes. Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2024.
2. Granville Austin, (1999). *Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience*. Oxford University Press.
3. Himanshu Roy and M P. Singh (2018), *Indian Political System*, 4e Paperback. Pearson
4. M Laxmikanth, (2025). *Indian Polity*. McGraw Hill Education.
5. M P Singh and Rekha Saxena (2021). *Indian Politics: Constitutional Foundations and Institutional Functioning*. PHI Learning.
6. Partha Chatterjee, *State and Politics in India*, Oxford University Press.
7. Subhash C. Kashyap, *Our Constitution*, National Book Trust.

HISTORY, CULTURE & HERITAGE OF RAJASTHAN

Subject Code: PLE-HCH-4MD

Credits: 2

Unit I

- History of Rajasthan from Pre-historic time to the 18th century. Important Rajas and the Dynasties in different regions of Rajasthan and their Major Landmarks.

Unit II

- Role of Rajasthan in Struggle for Freedom: Political Awakening, Bijolia Movement, Bhil Movement and the Revolutionary Activities, Role of the Praja-Mandal Movements (Jaipur, Jodhpur and Udaipur).

Unit III

- Major Archaeological sites, Museums and Art galleries .Forts and Havelies and the characteristic features of their Architecture . Main Saints of Rajasthan , Folk Deities.

Unit IV

- Major Fairs and Festivals of Rajasthan, Folk Music and Dance and the Oral Traditions, Fine Art and Various Handicrafts.

Suggested Readings:

1. Tod, James. *Annals and Antiquities of Rajasthan*. Rupa Publications India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Sharma, Dasharatha. *Rajasthan Through the Ages*. Rajasthan State Archives, Bikaner.
3. Sharma, G. N. *Social Life in Medieval Rajasthan*. Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur.
4. Bhargava, V. S. *Marwar and the Mughal Emperors*. Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
5. Gupta, K. S. *Mewar and the Marathas (1735–1818)*. Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur.
6. Banerjee, A. C. *Rajput States and the East India Company*. Rajesh Publications, New Delhi.
7. Pema Ram. *Agrarian Movements in Rajasthan*. Panchsheel Prakashan, Jaipur.
8. Saxena, K. S. *Political Movements and Awakening in Rajasthan*. Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur.
9. Khadgawat, N. R. *Rajasthan's Role in the Struggle of 1857*. Rajasthan State Archives, Bikaner.
10. Rathore, L. S. *Political Movements and the Constitutional Development in the Princely States of Rajputana*. Jain Brothers, New Delhi.
11. Hooja, Rima. *A History of Rajasthan*. Rupa Publications India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
12. Birla, Ketan, Gupta, Shivanya, & Gupta, Priyanka. *Insight Rajasthan Art & Culture*. RTS Publications, Jaipur.
13. Prusty, Siddhesh. *Rajasthan: A Journey Through the Land of Royals: Exploring the Culture and Vibrant Landscapes*. Notion Press, Chennai.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Subject Code: PLE-DM-4MD

Credits: 2

UNIT-I: Disaster: Introduction

- Disaster: Concept and Types; Natural Hazards: Tropical Storm, Floods, Droughts, Volcanoes, Earthquake, Landslides, Tsunami etc
- Manmade Hazards: Vandalism, Explosion, Leakage, War, Pollution
- Emergency, Contingency and Crisis
- Roles of NDMA & NDRF
- Case Studies: The Bhopal Gas Tragedy-1984, BP Oil Spill-2010, Venezuela Amuay Refinery-2012

UNIT-II: Before Disaster

- Planning: Mitigate-Prepare-Response-Recovery
- MITIGATE: Plan Risk and Scenario Backup, Risk Assessment: Threat, Vulnerability, Likelihood
- PREPARE: Teams-Management and Execution, Resources-Internal and External, Training, Mock Drills and Exercises, Support System, Communication, Command and Control Emergency Relocation

UNIT-III: During Disaster

- Emergency Response and Control Procedures (ERCP)
- RESPONSE: Activation Guidelines, Action and Contingency Plan, Teams and Resources, Crisis Communication Strategies, Observe-Orient-Decide-Act (OODA Loop), Constant Monitoring and Review
- Handling Industrial Relations Issues-Labour Gathering etc
- Incident Management

UNIT-IV: After Disaster

- RECOVERY: Plan-Do-Check-Act (PDCA)
- Root Cause Analysis
- Refining Assessment and Mitigation Plan
- Lesson Learnt; Forming new Programs.

Suggested Readings:

1. Goel, S. L. *Disaster Administration and Management: Text and Case Studies*. Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Singh, S. K., Kundu, S. C., & Singh, Shobha. *Disaster Management*. William Publications, New Delhi.
3. Ghosh, G. K. *Disaster Management*. A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
4. Sulphey, M. M. *Disaster Management*. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2016.
5. Pandey, Mrinalini. *Disaster Management*. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2014.
6. Murthy, D. B. N. *Disaster Management: Text and Case Studies*. Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
7. Goel, S. L. *Encyclopedia of Disaster Management*. Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
8. National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA). *Handbooks on Various Aspects of Disaster Management*. National Disaster Management Authority, Government of India, New Delhi.
9. Singh, B. *Natural Hazards and Disaster Management: Vulnerability and Mitigation*. Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
10. Singh, B. *Natural Hazards and Disaster Management: Vulnerability and Mitigation* (Reprint ed.). Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2006

PHYSICAL FITNESS AND SELF DEFENCE TRAINING

Subject Code: PLE-PFSD-4SE

Credits: 2 (Practical)

- Practical training
- Fitness and participation based program

Advanced Fitness and Outdoor Activities

- Endurance training and obstacle activities
- Functional fitness exercises
- Emergency response and first aid basics
- Outdoor physical activities
- Leadership and teamwork exercises
- Practical self-protection techniques

Syllabus

Semester V

EVIDENCE LAW AND POLICE INVESTIGATION

Subject Code: PLE-ELP-5C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

Unit I: Relevancy, Admissions and Confessions

- Introduction and key definitions under Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023
- Facts in issue, relevant facts and their role in investigation
- Admissions and confessions in criminal cases
- Safeguards relating to police confession and involuntary statements
- Dying declaration and its evidentiary value, Forensic Evidence and BSA 2023

Unit II: Expert Evidence and Special Circumstances

- Statements under special circumstances
- Expert opinion: medical, forensic, digital, DNA, fingerprint and ballistic evidence
- Relevancy of character in criminal proceedings
- Facts which need not be proved
- Police role in collecting scientific and corroborative evidence

Unit III: Oral, Documentary and Electronic Evidence

- Oral evidence and direct testimony
- Documentary evidence, public documents and certified copies
- Electronic records, digital evidence and admissibility
- CCTV, mobile phones, social media, CDRs and digital documents
- Proper documentation, seizure and preservation of evidence

Unit IV: Burden of Proof, Witnesses and Court Evidence

- Burden of proof and presumptions in criminal cases
- Estoppel and its limited application
- Competency and examination of witnesses
- Hostile witnesses, cross-examination and police testimony
- Improper admission or rejection of evidence and impact on trial

Suggested Readings:

1. Monir, M. *Textbook on the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023*. LexisNexis, New Delhi.
2. Lal, Batuk. *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023*. Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
3. Sarkar. *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023*. Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.

4. Ratanlal & Dhirajlal. *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam*, 2023. LexisNexis, New Delhi.
5. Takwani, C. K. *Whytes & Co. Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam* (2026 ed.). Whytes & Co., New Delhi.

POLICE AND MAINTENANCE OF LAW AND ORDER

Subject Code: PLE-PML-5C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

UNIT-I: Maintenance of Public Order and Peace

- Concept of Public Order and Peace; Beats, Patrolling and Intelligence collection
- Role of Police in Preservation of Public Peace and Maintenance of Order: Collection of Intelligence, Assessing the Situation, Watching the Developments, Preventive Action,
- Anticipation of Law-and-order situations; Use of Force, Investigation of Cases
- General Principles of Handling violent L & O situations: Situation Assessment and Management- Mobilization of Force – Informing Authorities

UNIT-II: Crowd Management

- Crowd psychology and behavior; Principles of crowd control
- Police attitudes in dealing with different classes of agitators; Special problems in dealing with agitations of women, students, labor, farmers, etc., Handling communal problems;

- Use of force and less than lethal methods of dealing with violent crowd
- Broad principles of Anti-Riot Schemes, Problems of mobilization command and control

UNIT III: VIP Security

- General Principles of VIP Security including Advance Security Liaison, Access control, and Anti-sabotage check
- Security arrangements for VIP at the place of stay, at a public rally, during movement by road including Carcade-Motorcade arrangements, Security arrangements at Helipad/airport
- Security of vital installations and of vulnerable points
- Use of security related Equipment

UNIT IV-Internal Security and Counter-Terrorism

- Introduction to Internal Security and Counter Insurgency.
- Role of Police: Intelligence collection, coordination and surveillance
- Institutional mechanisms (NIA) to counter terrorism and anti-terror laws
- Emerging trends in terrorism, NCTC

Suggested Readings:

1. Ashok Kumar (2010) Challenges to Internal Security of India, McGraw Hill Publishers
2. Asthana, N. (2012) Terrorism, Insurgencies and Counter Insurgency Operations, Neha Publishers & Distributors
3. Chris Kemp (2007) Case Studies in Crowd Management, Entertainment Technology Press

4. Kanchan Sinha (2009) VIP Security: What You Need to Know, Manas Publications
5. Shrikant Paranjpe (2012), Internal security of India. Indus Source Book

FORENSIC SCIENCE AND MEDICINE – I

Subject Code: PLE-FSM-5M

Credits: 4 (3L+1T)

UNIT-I: Introduction to Forensic Science

- Forensic Science: Definition, nature, scope & significance. History and Principles of Forensic Science. Legal aspects related to forensic science – Expert Opinion, etc. Introduction to Contemporary and relevant domains in Forensics: Forensic Psychology, Forensic Criminology, Digital Forensics, Forensic Victimology
- Forensic Institutions: Organizational set up of Forensic Science Laboratories (FSLs), various divisions of forensic science, other relevant and significant organizations.
- Evidence: Definition, nature, classification and significance. Physical Evidence: Definition, sources and significance, classification. Individual and Class characteristics. Role of evidence in CJS.
- General Precautions and Guidelines related to collection, handling, packaging, preservation and transportation of physical evidence.

UNIT-II: Forensic Physics

- Glass, Soil and Paint as evidence: Sources, composition, classification and significance; Types of glass fractures; Collection, handling and packaging of glass, soil and paint evidence.
- Tool Marks: Types of tool marks – indentations, impressions, striations, etc. Class & Individual Characteristics, collection and preservation of tool mark evidence.

- Tire Impressions: Sources and Significance, Skid mark Identification, collection and handling of tire impressions.
- Footprints/Shoeprints/Footwear Impressions: Significance, collection of footprints – casting method, Gait Pattern Analysis.

UNIT-III: Forensic Ballistics: The Firearm Science

- Firearm: Definition, parts of a firearm, classification of firearms, Rifling and its significance; Country-made Firearm.
- Ammunition: Definition and Classification, types of cartridges, Wadding, Primers and Propellants. Forensic Significance of ammunition. Different types of marks – chamber marks, ejector marks, firing pin marks, etc.
- GSR: Different types of Gun powders – Black Powder, single-base, double-base, triple-base powder and smokeless powder, etc. Collection of Gunshot Residue.
- Introduction to internal, external and terminal/wound ballistics, entry & exit wound. Collection, handling and transportation of ballistic evidence. Chemical examination of ballistic evidence.

UNIT-IV: Forensic Medicine - I

- Forensic Medicine: Definition, Scope & Significance.
- Medical Jurisprudence: Inquest and its types, Medicolegal reports, dying declaration & dying disposition. Professional Negligence and its types – Civil, Criminal and Contributory negligence.
- Medico-legal aspects of Injuries: Mechanical injuries – abrasions, lacerations, contusions, incised wounds, chop wounds, Stab/puncture wounds. Thermal Injuries – burns, scalds, heat hyperpyrexia, trench foot, frostbite, electrical injuries and Lightning stroke. Antemortem Vs. Postmortem wound.
- Sexual Offences: Rape, unnatural sexual offences, sexual perversions. Impotence & Sterility. Medico-legal aspects of virginity and pregnancy. Abortion and Infant deaths – stillbirth, dead birth, infanticide and foeticide.

Suggested Readings:

1. Biswas, Gautam. *Recent Advances in Forensic Medicine and Toxicology*. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi, 2025.
2. Springer Nature. *Trends in Forensics, Law and Criminology: Empowering Criminal Justice in the 21st Century*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2025.
3. Brenner, J. C. *Forensic Science: An Illustrated Dictionary*. CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2000.
4. Bridges, B. B., Velma, A., & Moner, M. *Criminal Investigation: Practical Fingerprinting, Thumb Impressions, Handwriting Expert Testimony, Opinion Evidence*. The University Book Agency, Allahabad, 2000.
5. O'Donnell, C. R. *Forensic Investigation of Clandestine Laboratories*. CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2003.
6. Girard, James E. *Criminalistics: Forensic Science and Crime*. Jones & Bartlett Learning, Burlington.
7. Jayaprakash, P. T. *Crime Scene Investigation and Reconstruction: An Illustrated Manual and Field Guide*. CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2022.
8. Morris, R. N. *Forensic Handwriting Identification*. Bath Press, Bath, 2000.
9. Nabar, B. S. *Forensic Science in Crime Investigation* (3rd ed.). Asia Law House, Hyderabad, 2007.
10. Nickolls, L. C. *The Scientific Investigation of Crime*. Butterworths, London, 1956.
11. Parikh, C. K. *Parikh's Textbook of Medical Jurisprudence, Forensic Medicine and Toxicology* (6th ed.). CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.
12. Ramachandran, R. *Scientific Techniques in Criminal Investigation* (2nd ed.). Kamal Publishers, New Delhi, 2021.
13. Reddy, K. S. N. *Concise Forensic Medicine & Toxicology* (4th ed.). Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi, 2015.
14. Reddy, K. S. N., & Murty, O. P. *The Essentials of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology* (35th ed.). Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi, 2022.
15. Saferstein, Richard. *Forensic Science Handbook*. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, 1982.
16. Sharma, B. R. *Forensic Science in Criminal Investigation and Trials*. Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.
17. Sharma, J. D. *Forensic Science and Toxicology*. Lawyers Home, New Delhi, 1998.
18. Siegel, Jay A. *Forensic Science: The Basics*. Taylor & Francis Group, Boca Raton, 2007.
19. Subrahmanyam, B. V. *Modi's Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology* (11th ed.). LexisNexis Butterworths, New Delhi, 2004.

GEOGRAPHY OF RAJASTHAN

Subject Code: PLE-GR-5MD

Credits: 2

Unit -1

- Physiographic divisions of Rajasthan (Aravalli, Thar Desert, Eastern Plains, Plateau regions);
- Climate;
- Drainage system;
- Soils: types, distribution, and agricultural significance; and Natural vegetation.

Unit-2

- Mineral resources: distribution and economic importance;
- Agriculture: cropping patterns ;
- Livestock and pastoral economy; Industries: textile, mining, handicrafts, and emerging sectors;
- Energy resources: conventional and renewable; Transport and trade networks.

Unit-3

- Cultural regions of Rajasthan (Marwar, Mewar, Shekhawati, Hadoti, etc.);
- Religion, fairs, and festivals (Pushkar, Gangaur, Teej, etc.);
- Folk traditions: music, dance (Ghoomar, Kalbeliya), and art;
- Architecture: forts, palaces, temples, and settlement patterns;
- Major Tribal and its culture: Bhil, Meena, Garasia.

Unit-4

- Regional disparities in development (Desert vs Eastern Rajasthan);
- Urbanization; Tourism: heritage, desert, eco-tourism and its impacts;
- Water management: Indira Gandhi Canal and its regional impact;
- Population distribution, growth and density ;
- Sustainable development and environmental challenges.

Suggested Readings:

1. Bhalla, L. R. *Geography of Rajasthan*. Kuldeep Publications, Ajmer.
2. Chauhan, T. S. *Geography of Rajasthan* (Vols. I & II). RBSA Publishers, Jaipur.
3. Sharma, H. S. *Rajasthan Ka Bhugol*. Panchsheel Prakashan, Jaipur.
4. Mishra, V. C. *Geography of Rajasthan*. National Book Trust, New Delhi.

5. Saxena, Hari Mohan. *Rajasthan Ka Bhugol*. Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur.
6. Nathuramka, L. N. *Economy of Rajasthan*. College Book House, Jaipur.
7. Singh, R. L. *Regional Geography of India*. National Geographical Society of India, Varanasi.
8. Sharma, B. L. *Agricultural Typology of Rajasthan*. Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur.
9. Government of Rajasthan. *Statistical Abstract of Rajasthan*. Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Government of Rajasthan, Jaipur.
10. Government of Rajasthan. *Economic Review of Rajasthan*. Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Government of Rajasthan, Jaipur.
11. Government of Rajasthan. *District Gazetteers of Rajasthan*. Directorate of District Gazetteers, Government of Rajasthan, Jaipur.
12. Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy. *Publications on Rajasthan Geography and Culture*. Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur.

NATIONAL CADET CORPS III

Subject Code: PLE-NCC3-5SE

Credits: 2

Unit I

- Health and Hygiene; Structure and functioning of the human body, Hygiene and Sanitation (Personal and Food Hygiene), Physical and Mental Health and wellness, Infectious and Contagious Diseases and its prevention

Unit II

- First Aid in common medical emergencies, Treatment and Care of Wounds, Introduction to Yoga and Exercises Environment Awareness and Conservation; Natural Resources Conservation and Management, Water Conservation and Rain water harvesting, Waste Management, Energy Conservation

Unit III

- Introduction to Infantry Weapons and Equipment (INF), Characteristics of 5.56 mm INSAS rifle, ammunition, firepower, stripping, assembling and cleaning, Organisation of Infantry Battalion, Characteristics of Infantry Company support weapons, Characteristics of Infantry Battalion support weapons

Unit IV

- Communication, Types of Communications, Characteristics of Wireless (Mobile, Wi Fi etc), Characteristics of Walkie/ Talkie, Basic RT Procedure, Latest trends and development (Multi Media, Video Conferencing, IT); Cyber Awareness, Drone Technology, Border and Coastal Area. Practical Learning: Ceremonial Drill (CD), Adventure Training, Obstacle Training

Suggested Readings:

1. National Cadet Corps (NCC). *Official Website*. Government of India.
2. *NCC Course Book*. Upkar Prakashan, Agra.

PHYSICAL FITNESS AND SELF DEFENCE TRAINING

Subject Code: PLE-PFSD-5SE

Credits: 2 (Practical)

- Practical training
- Fitness and participation based program

Applied Physical Training

- Advanced fitness routines
- Partner exercises and coordination drills
- Disaster preparedness activities
- Community fitness participation
- Self-discipline and confidence-building exercises
- Yoga and relaxation techniques

Syllabus

Semester VI

OFFENCES AND ROLE OF POLICE UNDER SPECIAL LAWS

Subject Code: PLE-OPSL-6C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

UNIT-I

- Protection of Civil Rights Act
- Prevention of Atrocities on SC/ST Act
- Immoral Traffic Prevention Act
- Prevention of Damage to Public Property Act

UNIT-II

- POCSO Act
- Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act
- Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act
- Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act, Central / State Rules

UNIT-III

- Prevention of Corruption Act,
- Essential Commodities Act
- The Prevention of Insults to National Honour Act
- NDPS Act

UNIT-IV

- Motor Vehicle Act
- Dowry Prohibition Act,
- Representation of Peoples Act
- IT Act

Suggested Readings:

1. Government of India. *Bare Acts of All Relevant Special Enactments* (Latest Editions). Official Publications and Authorized Law Publishers.

POLICE, COMMUNITY AND CRIME PREVENTION

Subject Code: PLE-PCC-6C

Credits: 5 (4L+1 T)

UNIT-I: Policing Approaches in Crime Prevention

- Crime Prevention: Concepts; Types-Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Crime Prevention
- Role of Police in crime prevention; Community Oriented Policing; All Women Police Station Initiatives- Special focus on Women and Child Protection
- Problem-oriented Policing; Evidence-based approach in policing
- Proactive Policing and Team Policing

UNIT-II: Community Policing and Crime Prevention

- Community Policing: Meaning, Definition and Objectives
- Historical background of Community Policing in world context. And philosophical, and practical dimensions of community policing
- Community Policing Models in USA, UK, Asian Countries, European Countries.
- Traditional Policing Vs Community Policing; Community policing strategies for solving problems - Community policing and Crime prevention; Situational and community crime prevention.

UNIT-III: Community Policing Models in India

- PRAHARI (Assam); Friends of Police (FOP in Tamil Nadu); Suraksha Setu (Gujarat)
- Janamaithri Suraksha in Kerala; MAITHRI in Andhra Pradesh; HOYSAL in

Karnataka; SAANJH in Punjab

- Mohalla Committees: Special Police in Naxal areas of Chhattisgarh.
- Rajasthan: Community Liaisoning Group (CLG)- Role of CPOs; Joint Patrolling Committees, Suraksha Sakhi.

UNIT-IV: Essentials and Benefits of Police-Community Relations in Crime Prevention

- Essential Components of Community Policing: Need Assessment - Planning - Identifying Members- Implementing- Maintenance of Coordination
- Work routines of beat officers and community; Beats, Patrols, Night Visit Books, Village Defense Parties, Special Police during elections
- Benefits of Police-Community Relations: Improved Trust and Confidence- Increased Local Intelligence- Prompt Information, Investigation, and Problem-Solving- Higher crime reduction- Transparency- Public Safety- Child Protection Units- Community Engagement
- Improving detection and convictions, victim services and protecting human rights, Community support in border areas, Naxal affected & low-intensity conflict areas.

Suggested Readings:

1. Kappeler, V., & Gaines, L. (2015). Community policing. New York: Routledge.
2. Hughes Gordon, Mc Laughlin Engine, Muncie John, 2002, Crime Prevention and Community Safety, New Directions, Sage Publications Ltd.
3. Miller, H. (2018). Community Policing: Partnerships for Problem Solving. Boston: Cengage Learning.
4. Prabhu, S. (2011). Community Policing in a Democratic Society: A Study of Cyberabad Police Commissionerate in Andhra Pradesh, India. LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing.
5. Thichempully Krishnadas, V. (2013). Public events and police response. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

6. Van Rooyen, H. and Snyman, D. (1995). Community policing. Silverton: Promedia Publishers and Printers.
7. Skogan, W. (2004). Community policing. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth/Thomson Learning

FORENSIC SCIENCE AND MEDICINE - II

Subject Code: PLE-FSM-6M

Credits: 4 (3L+1T)

UNIT-I: Forensic Chemical Sciences

- Explosives: Definition, classification and composition of explosives, country-made explosives, post-blast residues, Collection, handling and forensic examination of explosive evidence, Improvised explosive devices (IEDs).
- Arson: Definition, nature of arson, Fire triangle, Identification of seat of fire, Collection and handling of arson evidence and fire debris.
- Alcohol: Composition & Classification of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages; Analysis of alcohol: stages of addiction of alcohol, toxicokinetics of alcohol, collection of samples for alcohol identification, chemical and physical tests to identify alcohol intake, BAC & UAC calculation, illicit liquor & country-made liquor.
- Questioned Documents: Definition, forensic significance, types of documents, alterations in documents – erasures, additions and obliterations, concept of Forgery, Examination of counterfeit Indian currency notes, examination of charred documents.

UNIT-II: Forensic Toxicology & Narcotics

- Forensic Toxicology: Definition and Significance; Poison – Definition & classification of poisons, Poison Vs. Venom, Routes of administration and

elimination of poisons, lethal dose and antidotes of poisons, Collection and preservation of toxicological samples.

- Visceral Samples: Significance of visceral samples, collection & preservation of different visceral samples.
- Narcotics & Psychotropic Substances: Legal Definitions, Classification of drugs, Routes of administration, drug dependence, symptoms of drug addiction, effects of drug abuse, withdrawal syndrome.
- Collection and preservation of drug samples while seizure– Small quantity and Commercial quantity. NDPS Act – introduction & significant provisions.

UNIT-III: Forensic Biology & Serology

- Fingerprints: Formation of fingerprints, types of fingerprints, ridge characteristics, Techniques of development of fingerprints – physical/powder methods, fuming/chemical methods, comparison of fingerprints, Poroscopy and chance prints. AFIS – Introduction.
- Hair & Fibre as evidence: Structure & classification, Animal Vs. Human hair, Collection and forensic examination of hair and fibre samples.
- Blood: Nature & composition, Collection and Preservation, Forensic examination, Blood Spatter analysis.
- Semen, Saliva and Other Bodily Fluids: Sources, Significance, Collection & Preservation, Forensic Examination of Semen, Saliva and other bodily fluids.

UNIT-IV: Forensic Medicine - II

- Mechanical Asphyxia: medicolegal significance, Hanging, strangulation, throttling, smothering, choking, drowning – signs of drowning, significance of diatoms; forensic significance of presence of ligature marks & its position.
- Medico-legal Autopsy: Autopsy definition and types, Death & its Causes – Somatic and Molecular Death, Coma, Asphyxia and Syncope, External examination of deceased body, Types of Incisions. Exhumation.
- Post mortem changes: Suspended animation, Onset of post mortem, Stages

of Postmortem Changes: Immediate Postmortem Changes, Early Postmortem changes – Algor mortis, Livor mortis and Rigor Mortis; Rigor mortis Vs. Cadaveric Spasm, Late Postmortem Changes/Stages of Decomposition – Putrefaction, liquefaction, adipocere, mummification & skeletonization. Method of Embalming.

Suggested Readings:

1. Biswas, Gautam. *Recent Advances in Forensic Medicine and Toxicology*. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi, 2025.
2. *Trends in Forensics, Law and Criminology: Empowering Criminal Justice in the 21st Century*. Springer Nature / Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2025.
3. Brenner, J. C. *Forensic Science: An Illustrated Dictionary*. CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2000.
4. Bridges, B. B., Velma, A., & Moner, M. *Criminal Investigation: Practical Fingerprinting, Thumb Impressions, Handwriting Expert Testimony, Opinion Evidence*. The University Book Agency, Allahabad, 2000.
5. O'Donnell, C. R. *Forensic Investigation of Clandestine Laboratories*. CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2003.
6. Girard, James E. *Criminalistics: Forensic Science and Crime*. Jones & Bartlett Learning, Burlington.
7. Morris, R. N. *Forensic Handwriting Identification*. Bath Press, Bath, 2000.
8. Nabar, B. S. *Forensic Science in Crime Investigation* (3rd ed.). Asia Law House, Hyderabad, 2007.
9. Nickolls, L. C. *The Scientific Investigation of Crime*. Butterworths, London, 1956.
10. Parikh, C. K. *Parikh's Textbook of Medical Jurisprudence, Forensic Medicine and Toxicology* (6th ed.). CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.
11. Reddy, K. S. N. *Concise Forensic Medicine & Toxicology* (4th ed.). Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi, 2015.
12. Reddy, K. S. N., & Murty, O. P. *The Essentials of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology* (35th ed.). Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi, 2022.
13. Saferstein, Richard. *Forensic Science Handbook*. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, 1982.
14. Sharma, B. R. *Forensic Science in Criminal Investigation and Trials*. Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.
15. Sharma, J. D. *Forensic Science and Toxicology*. Lawyers Home, New Delhi, 1998.
16. Siegel, Jay A. *Forensic Science: The Basics*. Taylor & Francis Group, Boca Raton, 2007.
17. Subrahmanyam, B. V. *Modi's Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology* (11th ed.). LexisNexis Butterworths, New Delhi, 2004.

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Subject Code: PLE-ES-6MD

Credits: 2

UNIT I: Environmental Studies and Ecosystems

- Nature, scope, and multidisciplinary character of environmental studies
- Components of the environment: atmosphere, hydrosphere, lithosphere, and biosphere
- Concept and structure of ecosystems
- Functions of ecosystems: energy flow and nutrient cycles
- Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids
- Types of ecosystems: forest, grassland, desert, freshwater, and marine ecosystems

UNIT II: Natural Resources and Biodiversity

- Classification of natural resources: renewable and non-renewable
- Forest, water, mineral, and energy resources: use and conservation
- Issues of resource depletion and sustainable management
- Biodiversity: meaning, levels (genetic, species, ecosystem), and significance
- Threats to biodiversity: habitat destruction, overexploitation, pollution, and climate change
- Conservation of biodiversity: in-situ and ex-situ methods; protected areas

UNIT III: Environmental Pollution and Global Environmental Issues

- Concept and types of environmental pollution: air, water, soil, and noise pollution
- Sources, effects, and control measures
- Solid waste management and its challenges
- Climate change and global warming

- Ozone layer depletion and acid rain
- Environmental disasters: natural and anthropogenic

UNIT IV: Environment, Society, and Sustainable Development

- Concept and principles of sustainable development
- Environmental ethics and environmental awareness
- Environmental legislation in India: Environment Protection Act, Wildlife Protection Act, and related policies
- Environmental movements in India
- Population growth and its impact on the environment
- Role of individuals, communities, and institutions in environmental conservation

Suggested Readings :

1. Bharucha, E. (Ed.). (2013). Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses. Hyderabad: Universities Press.
2. Cunningham, W. P., & Cunningham, M. A. (2018). Principles of Environmental Science (8th ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill.
3. Miller, G. T., & Spoolman, S. (2016). Environmental Science (15th ed.). Boston: Cengage Learning.
4. Odum, E. P., & Barrett, G. W. (2005). Fundamentals of Ecology (5th ed.). Belmont: Thomson Brooks/Cole.
5. Raven, P. H., Berg, L. R., & Hassenzahl, D. M. (2015). Environment (8th ed.). Hoboken: Wiley.
6. Gadgil, M., & Guha, R. (1995). Ecology and Equity: The Use and Abuse of Nature in Contemporary India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
7. Singh, Y. K. (2006). Environmental Science. New Delhi: New Age International.
8. Shankar, U. (2017). Environmental Studies. New Delhi: S. Chand Publishing.
9. National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT). (latest edition). Environmental Studies Textbooks (Classes XI–XII). New Delhi: NCERT.
10. Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC). (latest). India State of Environment Report. New Delhi: Government of India.

BASIC MATHEMATICS AND REASONING

Subject Code: PLE-BMR-6MD

Credits: 2

Unit I

- Introduction to different types of numbers
- Laws of indices
- Factorization of algebraic expressions
- Linear Equations
- Solution of Quadratic equations and nature of roots

Unit II

- Profit and Loss
- Discount
- Simple Interest
- Compound Interest
- Average

Unit III

- Measures of Central Tendency:
- Arithmetic Mean
- Median
- Mode
- Relationship among Mean, Median and Mode

Unit IV

- Number Series
- Alphabet series
- Coding
- Decoding
- Propositions
- Logical Venn-Diagram
- Syllogism

Suggested Readings:

1. S. Lang, Basic Mathematics, Springer-Verlag, 1998, New York.
2. P. N. Arora, S. Arora, Quantitative Aptitude Mathematics Volume-I, 2007, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
3. R. S. Agarwal, Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Examinations, 2017, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
4. R. S. Agarwal, A Modern Approach to Verbal and Non-Verbal Reasoning, 2012 S. Chand & Co., New Delhi

PHYSICAL FITNESS AND SELF DEFENCE TRAINING

Subject Code: PLE-PFSD-6SE

Credits: 2 (Practical)

- Practical training
- Fitness and participation based program

Integrated Physical Fitness and Self Defence

- Combined fitness assessment drills
- Practical demonstration of self-defence skills
- Group physical training activities
- Leadership in sports and fitness activities
- Stress control and wellness management
- Final endurance and fitness evaluation

Syllabus

Semester VII

B A IN POLICING AND LAW ENFORCEMENT (RESEARCH)

ECONOMIC AND ORGANISED CRIME

Subject Code: PLE-EOC-7C

Credits: 5 (4L+1T)

Unit I: Economic and Organised Crime

- Meaning, nature, and scope
- Fraud, cheating, forgery, corruption, extortion, Crypto currency, hawala, laundering, syndicates, Dark net, Benami transactions etc.
- Intellectual Property Crimes Impact on economy
- Public order, Criminal networks and financial gain

Unit II: Legal Framework

- Relevant provisions of BNS, 2023
- PMLA, Prevention of Corruption Act, and other special laws
- Counterfeiting, piracy, and trademark/copyright-related offences
- Related Special Laws with Latest Amendments, judgments.
- Role of police and specialised agencies, International Conventions and treaties, MLATs

Unit III: Investigation

- Registration and investigation of cases under BNS 2023, BNSS 2023 and Special Laws
- Financial, documentary, digital, and intelligence-based evidence, BSA2023 & other laws
- Bank trails, shell entities, property links, and illegal trade networks
- Search, seizure, attachment, forfeiture

Unit IV: Police Response

- Response to syndicates, fraud networks, laundering chains, and illegal markets,
- Prevention and disruption of criminal networks
- Coordination with specialised agencies

- Professional and lawful investigation practices
- National and International inter-agency coordination and response

Suggested reading:

1. Ratanlal & Dhirajlal. *The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (37th ed.). LexisNexis, New Delhi, 2025.
2. Misra, S. N. *Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). Central Law Publications, Prayagraj, 2024.
3. Gaur, K. D., & Gaur, Madhu. *Textbook on the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (9th ed.). LexisNexis, New Delhi, 2024.
4. Ratanlal & Dhirajlal. *The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). LexisNexis, New Delhi, 2025.
5. Ratanlal & Dhirajlal. *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023* (28th ed.). LexisNexis, New Delhi, 2024.
6. Gaur, K. D. *Textbook on Socio-Economic Offences* (1st ed.). Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, 2021.
7. Khan, Nuzhat Parveen. *Law Relating to Socio-Economic Offences* (2nd ed.). Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, 2025.
8. Singh, Rattan, & Singh, Varinder. *Socio-Economic Offences* (1st ed.). Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, 2021 (Reprint 2022).
9. Mahajan, Manish. *Socio-Economic Offences Laws*. Global India Publications, New Delhi, 2011.
10. *Benami, Black Money & Money Laundering Laws* (2026 ed.). Taxmann Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2026.
11. Das, P. K. *Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Laws in India*. Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
12. Nayyar, Yogesh V. *Commentary on the Prevention of Corruption Act: A Treatise on Anti-Corruption Laws* (2025 ed.). Whitesmann Publishing, New Delhi.
13. Seth & Capoor. *Anti-Corruption Laws with Commentaries on the Prevention of Corruption Act* (6th ed.). Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
14. Reddy, G. B. *Intellectual Property Rights and the Law* (11th ed.). Gogia Law Agency, Hyderabad, 2022.

15. Ahuja, V. K. *Law Relating to Intellectual Property Rights*. LexisNexis, New Delhi.
16. Narayanan, P. *Law of Trade Marks and Passing Off*. Eastern Law House, Kolkata.
17. Narayanan, P. *Copyright and Industrial Designs*. Eastern Law House, Kolkata.
18. Bureau of Police Research and Development. *Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023: Training Material on Organised Crime and Terrorism*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, 2024.
19. Central Bureau of Investigation. *CBI Crime Manual, 2020*. Central Bureau of Investigation, Government of India, New Delhi, 2020.
20. Central Vigilance Commission. *Vigilance Manual*. Government of India, New Delhi, 2021.
21. Reserve Bank of India. *Master Direction – Know Your Customer (KYC) Direction, 2016* (Updated Version). Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai.
22. Financial Intelligence Unit–India. *AML/CFT Guidelines for Reporting Entities Providing Services Related to Virtual Digital Assets*. Financial Intelligence Unit–India, Government of India, New Delhi, 2023.

VICTIMOLOGY AND VICTIM ASSISTANCE

Subject Code: PLE-VVA-7C

Credits: 5 (4L+ 1T)

UNIT –I: Introduction to Victimology

- Definition: Victim, Victimization and Victimology; Historical Development of Victimology
- Key Concepts in Victimology: Victimogenesis, Victim Precipitation, Victim Blaming, Victim Vulnerability, Victimization Proneness, Victim Response, Victimless crimes, Abuse of power, Victim Assistance, PTSD, Penal Couples
- Typology of Victims: Benjamin Mendelsohn- Hans Von Hentig; Selling and Wolfgang Typology of Victimization: Primary Victimization- Secondary Victimization, Tertiary Victimization, -Mutual Victimization – No

Victimization; Revictimization & Poly- Victimization; Special category of victims: Child Abuse Victims, Victims of Domestic Violence, Victims of Elder Abuse

- Theories of Victimology : Victim precipitation Model- Routine Activity Approach – Situated Transaction Model.

UNIT -II: National and international concern for Victims of crime

- U.N. Declaration on Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power (1985); Guide for Policy Makers- Handbook of Justice for Victims
- World Society of Victimology, The International Organization for Victim Assistance, Human Rights Watch
- National Concerns for Victims of Crime: Indian Society of Victimology –SASCV-Victim support by NHRC- Legal Amendments related to Victims Concern- Karan Vs State of NCT (2020).
- State Initiatives and Crime Victims: AWPS, -Emergency response services to victims- Coordination with NGOs – State Victim Assistance Fund

UNIT-III: Criminal Justice System and Victims

- CJS and Victim relationship: Victim & Police; Victim as Witness
- Role of Judiciary in Justice for victims, Victim's Participation in Justice Process
- Secondary Victimization by the Criminal Justice System and the Society
- Creating awareness among the Criminal Justice Professionals and the Public on Victim related issues.

UNIT-IV: Victim Assistance

- Provisions for victim assistance: Types of Victim Assistance; Restitution - Compensation for Victims of Crime and abuse of power - Victim Compensation Scheme Sec 396 BNSS 2023; Solatium Fund
- Role of Citizens and Voluntary Organizations in Victims Assistance: Preventing Victimization – Awareness Creation –Crisis Response - Assisting victims during crime investigation and trial - Legal aid to victims of crime; Supreme Court Guidelines on Protection of Good Samaritans.
- Post Victimization Counselling: Counselling, guidance and rehabilitation of special kinds of victims of crime and child abuse, Police Station Counselling;
- National Organization for Victim Assistance (NOVA), USA - Victim Witness Assistance Programs (V W A) - Introduction to Restorative Justice System.

Suggested Readings:

1. Fatima, Aqsa Sikander. *Victimology and Criminal Justice System in India*. Commercial Law Publishers, New Delhi, 2025.
2. Vashishtha, Sanjay. *Ahmad Siddique's Criminology, Penology and Victimology* (8th ed.). Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, 2024.
3. Bajpai, G. S. *Criminal Justice System Reconsidered: Victim and Witness Perspective*. Serial Publications, New Delhi, 2012.
4. Doerner, William G. *Victimology*. Anderson Publishing Co., Cincinnati, 2014.
5. Drapkin, Israel. *Victimology: A New Focus – Theoretical Issues in Victimology*. Lexington Books, Lexington, 1975.
6. Geiser, R. L. *Hidden Victims*. Beacon Press, Boston, 1979.
7. Karmen, Andrew. *Crime Victims: An Introduction to Victimology*. Cengage Learning, Boston, 2015.
8. McDonald, William F. *Criminal Justice and the Victim*. Sage Publications, Beverly Hills, 1976.
9. Parajape, V. N. *Criminology and Penology with Victimology*. Central Law Publications, Prayagraj, 2012.
10. Parsonage, William H. *Perspectives on Victimology*. Sage Publications, Beverly Hills, 1979.
11. Rajan, V. N. *Victimology in India*. A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1995.
12. Rajan, V. N. *Victimology in India: Perspectives Beyond Frontiers*. A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1995.
13. Shapland, J., Willmore, J., & Duff, P. *Victims in the Criminal Justice System*. Gower Publishing Company Ltd., Aldershot, 1985.
14. Shekhar, B., Sahni, S. P., Priyamvada, M., & Nair, V. V. *A Global Perspective on Victims of Crime and Victim Assistance: Best Practices Around the World*. Bloomsbury India, New Delhi, 2022.
15. Singh Makkar, S. P. *Global Perspectives in Victimology*. ABC Publications, Jaipur, 1993.

16. Sparks, R. F., Genn, H. G., & Dodd, D. J. *Surveying Victims*. John Wiley & Sons, Chichester, 1977.
17. Talwar, P. *Victimology*. Isha Books Publishers, New Delhi, 2006.
18. Walklate, Sandra. *Victimology: The Victim and the Criminal Justice Process*. Unwin Hyman, London, 1989.

PSYCHOLOGY OF CRIME

Subject Code: PLE-PSY-7M.

Credits: 4 4(3L+1P/T)

Unit I

- Criminal Psychology: Definition, Nature, Purpose, and Scope
- Criminal Behaviour: Definition, Signs and Symptoms, Psychosocial and Biological Determinants of Crime

Unit II

- Mental Health and Criminal Behaviour: Personality and Other Significant Mental Disorders, Psychopath, Sociopath
- Drugs and Crime: Types of drugs and their psycho-physical influences, Links between drugs and crime

Unit III

- Theoretical perspective of understanding crime: Psychoanalytic, Humanistic, and Learning Criminal behaviour
- Psychological Analysis: Psychometric Testing and Personality Assessment of Criminals

Unit IV

- Criminal Profiling: Concept and process
- Psycho-neurological Instruments Used to detect Criminal Behaviour: Polygraph, Narco Analysis, Brain fingerprinting, and Brain Electrical Oscillation Signature (BEOS) Profiling

Suggested Readings:

1. Arrigo, Bruce A. *Introduction to Forensic Psychology*. Academic Press, San Diego, 2000.
2. Bartol, Curt R. *Criminal Behavior: A Psychosocial Approach* (5th ed.). Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, 1999.
3. Bartol, Curt R., & Bartol, Anne M. *Introduction to Forensic Psychology: Research and Application* (5th ed.). Sage Publications, Thousand Oaks, 2019.
4. Forbes, Richard. *Criminal Psychology: Understanding the Criminal Mind and Its Nature Through Criminal Profiling*. CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, Scotts Valley, 2016.
5. Howitt, Dennis. *Introduction to Forensic and Criminal Psychology* (3rd ed.). Pearson Education, Harlow, 2008.
6. Kaul, S. K., & Zaidi, M. H. *Narco Analysis, Brain Mapping, Hypnosis and Lie Detector Tests in Interrogation of Suspects*. University Book House Pvt. Ltd., Jaipur.
7. Melton, Gary B., Petrila, John, Poythress, Norman G., & Slobogin, Christopher. *Psychological Evaluations for the Courts: A Handbook for Mental Health Professionals and Lawyers* (2nd ed.). Guilford Press, New York, 1997.
8. Samenow, Stanton E. *Inside the Criminal Mind* (Revised and Updated ed.). Crown Publishers, New York, 2004.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Course Code: PLE-RM-7MD

Credits: 2

UNIT – I : Foundations of Research

- Nature and characteristics of research; social research

- Research methodology vs research methods
- Selection of research problem and formulation
- Steps in research and preparation of a brief research proposal
- Basic concepts: variables and hypothesis (meaning and types)

UNIT – II : Research Designs and Ethics

- Approaches: Quantitative and Qualitative research
- Types of research: Basic, Applied, Survey and Action Research
- Research designs: Exploratory, Descriptive and Experimental (basic understanding)
- Ethics in research: consent, confidentiality and integrity

UNIT – III : Sampling and Data Collection

- Sampling: Meaning, purpose and types (Probability and Non-probability)
- Data sources: Primary and Secondary data
- Methods of data collection: Observation, Interview, Questionnaire, Case Study
- Issues in field data collection

UNIT – IV : Data Analysis and Report Writing

- Basics of quantitative data analysis and levels of measurement
- Introduction to qualitative analysis (thematic and content analysis)
- Interpretation of data: meaning and significance
- Basics of report writing: structure, referencing (APA style) and ethics

Suggested Readings:

1. Bachman, R., & Schutt, R. K. (2023). *The practice of research in criminology and criminal justice* (7th ed.). Sage Publications.
2. Kothari, C. R. (2004). *Research methodology: Methods and techniques* (2nd rev. ed.). New Age International Publishers.
3. Kumar, R. (2019). *Research methodology: A step-by-step guide for beginners* (5th ed.). Sage Publications.
4. Maxfield, M. G., & Babbie, E. (2022). *Research methods for criminal justice and criminology* (9th ed.). Cengage Learning.

5. Rennison, C. M., & Hart, T. C. (2018). *Research methods in criminal justice and criminology* (2nd ed.). Sage Publications.

POLICE, COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL MEDIA

Subject Code: PLE-PCS-7MD

Credits: 2

Unit I: Community Policing and Public Trust

- Meaning and importance of community policing
- Police-community partnership and confidence building
- Role of beat officers, local networks, and citizen participation
- Community engagement for crime prevention and early warning

Unit II: Social Media, Misinformation and Public Order

- Social media as a source of information, mobilisation, and panic
- Rumours, fake news, deepfakes, hate content, and viral misinformation
- Online triggers of crowd violence, communal tension, and disorder
- Identifying digital indicators of escalation and vulnerability

Unit III: Legal Framework and Police Powers

- IT Act, 2000 and platform-related legal issues
- Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021
- Relevant provisions of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 for public order, intimidation, false content, harassment, and related offences
- Constitutional limits: free speech, privacy, legality, necessity, and proportionality

Unit IV: Police Response, Communication and Ethics

- Verification before action and responsible use of digital content
- Police communication during crisis and rumour control
- Coordination with district administration, platforms, media, and community leaders
- Ethical policing, accountability, and protection of civil liberties

Suggested Readings:

1. Kappeler, V. E., & Gaines, L. K. (2015). *Community policing: A contemporary perspective* (7th ed.). Routledge.
2. Peak, K. J. (2012). *Community policing and problem solving: Strategies and practices* (6th ed.). Pearson.
3. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Publications and manuals on community policing and best practices*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
4. Alexander, P. J. (2002). *Policing in India in the new millennium*. Allied Publishers.
5. Zafarani, R., Abbasi, M. A., & Liu, H. (2014). *Social media mining: An introduction*. Cambridge University Press.
6. Papacharissi, Z. (Ed.). (2010). *A networked self: Identity, community, and culture on social network sites*. Routledge.
7. Press Information Bureau. (n.d.). *Reports on misinformation and digital safety*. Government of India.
8. Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology. (n.d.). *Guidelines and advisories on digital platforms and intermediaries*. Government of India.

DISSERTATION / RESEARCH PROJECT PROPOSAL

Subject Code: PLE-DP-7R

Credits: 6

Course Description

The dissertation is an independent research project designed to develop analytical, field-based and academic writing skills. It enables students to apply theoretical knowledge to practical issues in policing, society and governance in line with NEP-2020 and UGC guidelines.

Semester VII (Dissertation – I)

- Topic selection and approval
- Literature review and problem formulation
- Research design and methodology
- Preparation of research proposal (Synopsis)

Final Submission: Synopsis (2,000–3,000 words) + Presentation/Viva

Guidelines

- Topic approval by Department/Faculty Concerned
- Faculty supervisor assigned to each student/group
- Regular progress review
- Ethical compliance: informed consent, confidentiality, data integrity
- Plagiarism check as per UGC norms (acceptable limit 10–15%)
- Interdisciplinary and field-based topics encouraged

Evaluation Scheme

Semester VII (100 Marks)

- Synopsis – 40
- Presentation/Viva – 40
- Internal Assessment – 20

Syllabus

Semester VIII

B A IN POLICING AND LAW ENFORCEMENT (RESEARCH)

TECHNOLOGY MEDIATED CRIMES AND POLICING

Subject Code: PLE-TMC-8C

Credits: 5 (4L+ 1T)

Unit I: Technology and Crime in Contemporary Policing

- Technology as tool, target, and evidence
- Cybercrime and technology-enabled conventional crime
- Online fraud, impersonation, harassment, obscenity, organised crime, radicalisation, and misinformation
- Social media, mobile apps, digital payments, and platforms in crime control and crime facilitation
- AI, its Types and challenges to the society

Unit II: Indian Laws on Technology-Related Crime

- Information Technology Act, 2000 and its Amendments
- Relevant provisions of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023
- IT Rules, 2021 and intermediary responsibility
- Data protection Law, privacy, and constitutional limits in policing

Unit III: Police Investigation and Digital Evidence

- Registration and investigation of technology-related offences
- Search, seizure, preservation, and chain of custody of digital devices and records
- Electronic evidence, forensic support, and admissibility
- Procedural safeguards under BNSS and evidentiary rules under BSA
- Mutual Legal Assistance treaties {MLATS}
- Contemporary Laws (Latest Amendments to the laws and Judgements)

Unit IV: Emerging Technologies and Police Response

- AI, deepfakes, drones, CCTV, facial recognition, Crypto currency, Blockchain and surveillance, Intellectual Property Rights issues
- Technology in financial crime, sexual offences, public order, and organised crime
- Cross-border investigation and platform cooperation
- Ethics, accountability, and lawful use of technology by police
- EUROPOL, INTERPOL, Inter-Agency response regarding Technology related Crime

Suggested Reading

1. Sharma, V., & Sharma, S. (2025). *Information technology law and practice* (9th ed.). LexisNexis.

2. Duggal, P. (2023). *Cyber law: An exhaustive section-wise commentary on the Information Technology Act along with rules, regulations, policies, notifications etc.* (3rd ed.). LexisNexis.
3. Gupta, A. (2016). *Commentary on Information Technology Act: With rules, regulations, orders, guidelines, reports and policy documents* (3rd ed.). LexisNexis.
4. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (37th ed.). LexisNexis.
5. Gaur, K. D., & Gaur, M. (2024). *Textbook on the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (9th ed.). LexisNexis.
6. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). LexisNexis.
7. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2024). *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023* (28th ed.). LexisNexis.
8. Srivastava, A. K., & Singh, Y. P. (2025). *Personal data protection rights*. LexisNexis.
9. Taxmann. (2026). *Digital Personal Data Protection Act, 2023* (Latest ed.). Taxmann Publications.
10. Taxmann. (2025). *Digital personal data protection: Law & practice*. Taxmann Publications.
11. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Training curriculum: Cyber crime investigation and digital forensics*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
12. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (2025). *The Indian Police Journal: Artificial intelligence in policing* (January–June 2025 issue). Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
13. National Crime Records Bureau. (n.d.). *Crime in India* (Latest available report). Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
14. Indian Computer Emergency Response Team. (n.d.). *Directions, advisories and cybersecurity guidelines*. Government of India.
15. Indian Cyber Crime Coordination Centre. (n.d.). *National Cyber Crime Reporting Portal and 1930 helpline materials*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
16. Reserve Bank of India. (2016). *Master direction – Know your customer (KYC) direction* (Updated version). Reserve Bank of India.

17. Government of India. (n.d.). *Bare acts of relevant cyber and criminal laws*
18. Relevant latest amendments and judicial decisions.

PENOLOGY AND CORRECTIONAL ADMINISTRATION

Subject Code: PLE-PCA-8C

Credits: 5 (4L+1T)

UNIT-I: Introduction to Penology

- Penology: Definition, Nature and Scope, Historical Perspective of punishment
- Punishment: Definition, Nature and Scope; - Different Types of Punishment; - Corporal and Capital Punishment
- Theories of Punishment: Retributive Theory, Preventive Theory, Deterrence Theory, Reformation Theory
- Evolution of Correctional Philosophy-Pennsylvania system, Auburn System and Elmira Reformatory; Medical Model & Rehabilitation Model.

UNIT-II: Corrections: Acts, Procedures and Rules

- Model Prisons Act 2023, Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Act, 2015 & Rules (2016) and corresponding Amendments
- Rajasthan Prison Manual/Rules; Care to Children of Incarcerated Mothers
- Various Prison Reforms Committees and Commissions in the post-independence era in India
- U.N. Standard Minimum Rules for Treatment of Prisoners (Nelson

Mandela Rules).

UNIT-III: Institutional Corrections

- Institutionalization; Prisonization: Meaning and purpose- Prison sub-culture- Prison Routine- Prison Adalat
- Classification System of correctional institutions: Adult Institutions, Juvenile Institutions, Women Institutions, Open Prisons.
- Features of good correctional administration; Guidelines for Official Prison Visitors
- Reformation and Rehabilitation Programs: Counselling Programs, Vocational Training Programs, Educational Programs and Recreational Programs; Use of Artificial Intelligence in Correctional Administration.

UNIT-IV: Community based Corrections

- Probation: Concept and Scope, Probation in India
- Probation of offenders Act: Probation Procedures: Pre-sentence Investigation Report, Revocation of Probation etc;
- Furlough and Parole: Meaning and Scope; Furlough and Parole – Provisions and Rules; After Care Services.
- Significance of Community Service as Punishment with Special references to BNSS, Alternative community based correctional approaches in other countries.

Suggested Readings:

1. Fatima, A. S. (2025). *Victimology and criminal justice system in India*. Commercial Law Publishers.
2. Vashishtha, S. (2024). *Ahmad Siddique's criminology, penology and victimology* (8th ed.). Eastern Book Company.
3. Ahmed, S. (1993). *Criminology: Problems and perspectives* (3rd ed.). Eastern Book Company.
4. Bhattacharya, S. K. (1986). *Probation system in India*. Manas Publications.
5. Brodie, S. R. (1976). *Effectiveness of sentencing*. Home Office.

6. Chockalingam, K. (1993). *Issues in probation in India*. University of Madras Publications.
7. Emmins, C. J. (1985). *A practical approach to sentencing*. Financial Training Publications Ltd.
8. Devasia, V. D., & Devasia, L. (1992). *Criminology, victimology and corrections*. Ashish Publishing House.
9. Ghosh, S. (1992). *Open prisons and the inmates*. Mittal Publications.
10. Goswami, B. K. (1980). *Critical study of criminology and penology*. Allahabad Agency.
11. Government of India. (1983). *Mulla Committee report on prison reforms*. Government of India.
12. Kumar, N. (1986). *Constitutional rights of prisoners*. Mittal Publishers.
13. Paranjape, N. V. (2002). *Criminology and penology*. Central Law Publications.
14. Shekhar, B., & Sahni, S. P. (Eds.). (2020). *A global perspective of victimology and criminology: Yesterday, today and tomorrow*. Bloomsbury India.
15. Sirohi, J. P. S. (2023). *Criminology and penology*. Allahabad Law Agency.

SOCIAL PROBLEMS AND CONTEMPORARY ISSUES

Subject Code: PLE-SPC-8M

Credits: 4 (3L+1T)

UNIT I: Understanding Social Problems

- Meaning and nature of social problems Objective vs subjective definitions
- Sociological approaches: Functionalist, Conflict, Interactionist, Social disorganization

UNIT II: Inequality and Structural Issues

- Poverty and unemployment

- Caste and social exclusion
- Gender inequality
- Marginalization and vulnerability

UNIT III: Social Disruption and Emerging Issues

- Urbanization and migration
- Substance abuse and addiction
- Family breakdown and youth issues
- Cyber risks and digital society

UNIT IV: Violence, Conflict, and Social Responses

- Domestic violence and gender-based violence
- Communalism and social conflict
- Organized crime
- Role of state, civil society, and policy interventions

Suggested Readings:

1. Clinard, M. B., & Meier, R. F. (2016). *Sociology of Deviant Behavior* (15th ed.). Boston: Cengage Learning.
2. Siegel, L. J. (2017). *Criminology: The Core* (6th ed.). Boston: Cengage Learning.
3. Downes, D., Rock, P., & McLaughlin, E. (2016). *Understanding Deviance: A Guide to the Sociology of Crime and Rule-breaking* (7th ed.). Oxford: Oxford University Press.
4. Durkheim, É. (1897/2002). *Suicide: A Study in Sociology*. London: Routledge.
5. Merton, R. K. (1938). "Social Structure and Anomie." *American Sociological Review*, 3(5), 672–682.
6. Becker, H. S. (1963). *Outsiders: Studies in the Sociology of Deviance*. New York: Free Press.
7. Foucault, M. (1977). *Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison*. New York: Pantheon Books.

8. Garland, D. (2001). *The Culture of Control: Crime and Social Order in Contemporary Society*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
9. Ahuja, R. (2014). *Criminology*. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.
10. National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB). (Latest Edition). *Crime in India*. New Delhi: Ministry of Home Affairs.

VULNERABLE GROUPS AND SPECIAL LAWS

Subject Code: PLE-VGSL-8MD

Credits: 2

Unit I: Vulnerable Groups and Criminality

- Meaning of vulnerable groups in policing
- Women, children, elderly, disabled, LGBTQI+ and other at-risk persons
- Forms of criminality: violence, abuse, neglect, exploitation, trafficking, and digital victimisation
- Police role in prevention and protection

Unit II: Crimes Against Women and Special Laws

- Domestic violence, sexual offences, stalking, harassment, trafficking
- Police response and victim-sensitive procedures
- Relevant special laws on women's protection.
- Role of shelter, counselling, medical, and legal support , Police Assistance, Victim Assistance

Unit III: Crimes Against Children , LGBTQ + and Elderly

- Child abuse, child sexual offences, neglect, trafficking, juvenile issues
- Abuse, cheating, neglect, and property-related offences against elderly persons

- Crime against LGBTQ+ and laws related with LGBTQ+
- Police duties under child protection, LGBTQ+ Community and senior citizen laws
- Rescue, reporting, and referral mechanisms

Unit IV: Investigation, Police Response and Special Laws

- Complaint handling, recording, and immediate police action
- Investigation of offences involving vulnerable groups
- Special laws, procedural safeguards, and coordination with welfare agencies
- Rights-based and humane policing approach

Suggested Reading:

1. Gaur, K. D., & Gaur, M. (2024). *Textbook on the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (9th ed.). LexisNexis.
2. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (37th ed.). LexisNexis.
3. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). LexisNexis.
4. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2024). *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023* (28th ed.). LexisNexis.
5. Paranjape, N. V. (2026). *Criminology & penology including victimology* (20th ed.). Central Law Publications.
6. Rao, M. (2018). *Law relating to women and children* (4th ed.). Eastern Book Company. (Reprinted 2025)
7. Kumari, V. (2010). *The juvenile justice system in India: From welfare to rights*. Oxford University Press.
8. Agnes, F. (2001). *Law and gender inequality: The politics of women's rights in India*. Oxford University Press.
9. Agnes, F., Chandra, S., & Basu, M. (2016). *Women and law in India: An omnibus*. Oxford University Press.
10. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Women's safety and security: A handbook for first responders and investigators in the police*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
11. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Community policing programme for senior citizens*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
12. Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy. (2022). *A decade of POCSO: Developments, challenges and insights from judicial data*. Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy.
13. Government of India. (n.d.). *Relevant bare acts and latest amendments* (Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, Juvenile Justice Act, Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens Act, Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act,

- Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, Information Technology Act, and Child and Adolescent Labour Act).
14. Relevant latest case laws and judicial pronouncements.

PERSONALITY AND SOFT SKILLS

Subject Code: PLE-PDSS-8AE

Credits: 2

UNIT – I : Communication and Assertiveness

- Positive Communication: Components and importance
- Non-verbal communication and body language
- Active constructive communication
- Assertiveness: Meaning, types (passive, aggressive, assertive)
- Techniques for developing assertive communication

UNIT – II : Negotiation and Emotional Intelligence

- Negotiation Skills: Essentials and professional approaches
- Emotional Intelligence: Concept, components and characteristics
- Understanding emotions and their influence on behaviour
- Methods to assess and improve emotional intelligence

UNIT – III : Self-Management and Personality Development

- Concept of self and personality development
- Self-awareness and biases
- Self-esteem enhancement
- SWOT analysis for self-understanding

UNIT – IV : Time and Stress Management

- Time Management: Time wasters, procrastination, strategies and benefits
- Stress Management: Meaning, causes and manifestations

- Coping mechanisms and stress management techniques
- Managing fear: examination fear, stage fear and anxiety

Suggested Readings:

1. DeVito, J. A. (2022). *The interpersonal communication book* (16th ed.). Pearson.
2. Goleman, D. (2006). *Emotional intelligence: Why it can matter more than IQ*. Bantam Books.
3. Hurlock, E. B. (2010). *Personality development*. Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
4. Robbins, S. P., Judge, T. A., & Vohra, N. (2022). *Organizational behavior* (19th ed.). Pearson Education.
5. Feist, J., Feist, G. J., & Roberts, T. A. (2021). *Theories of personality* (10th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
6. Greenberg, J. S. (2021). *Comprehensive stress management* (15th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
7. Nelson-Jones, R. (2012). *Practical counselling and helping skills* (7th ed.). Sage Publications.
8. Lazarus, R. S., & Folkman, S. (1984). *Stress, appraisal, and coping*. Springer Publishing Company.

DISSERTATION / RESEARCH PROJECT

Subject Code: PLE-DIS-8R

Credits: 6

Course Description

The dissertation is an independent research project designed to develop analytical, field-based and academic writing skills. It enables students to apply theoretical knowledge to practical issues in policing, society and governance in line with NEP-2020 and UGC guidelines.

Semester VIII (Dissertation – II)

- Data collection (fieldwork/secondary)
- Data analysis and interpretation
- Report writing and submission

Submission: Dissertation (8,000-10,000 words) + Viva Voce

Suggested Formatting Pattern for BA Dissertation

General Format

Paper Size: A4

Font: Times New Roman

Font Size:

- Chapter Title: 16 Bold (CAPITALS)
- Headings: 14 Bold
- Sub-headings: 12 Bold
- Main Text: 12 Regular

Line Spacing: 1.5

Text Alignment: Justified

Paragraph Indentation: 0.5 inch first line

Margins:

- Left: 1.5 inch
- Right: 1 inch
- Top: 1 inch
- Bottom: 1 inch

Page Numbering: Bottom Centre or Bottom Right

Binding: Soft Bound / Spiral Bound (As per guidance of Faculty Supervisor)

Suggested Sequence/ Chapterisation of Dissertation

Cover Page

Certificate

Declaration by Student

Acknowledgement

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List of Tables/Figures (if any)

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Chapter 1: Introduction

Chapter 2: Review of Literature

Chapter 3: Research Methodology

Chapter 4: Data Analysis and Interpretation

Chapter 5: Findings, Conclusion and Suggestions

Bibliography/References

Appendix/Questionnaire (if any)

Guidelines

- Topic approval by Department/Faculty
- Faculty supervisor assigned to each student/group
- Regular progress review
- Ethical compliance: informed consent, confidentiality, data integrity
- Plagiarism and AI check as per UGC norms (acceptable limit 10–15%)
- Interdisciplinary and field-based topics encouraged

Syllabus

Semester VII

B A IN POLICING AND LAW ENFORCEMENT **(Honours)**

ECONOMIC AND ORGANISED CRIME

Subject Code: PLE-EOC-7C

Credits: 5 (4L+1T)

Unit I: Economic and Organised Crime

- Meaning, nature, and scope
- Fraud, cheating, forgery, corruption, extortion, Crypto currency, hawala, laundering, syndicates, Dark net, Benami transactions etc.
- Intellectual Property Crimes Impact on economy
- Public order, Criminal networks and financial gain

Unit II: Legal Framework

- Relevant provisions of BNS, 2023
- PMLA, Prevention of Corruption Act, and other special laws
- Counterfeiting, piracy, and trademark/copyright-related offences
- Related Special Laws with Latest Amendments, judgments.
- Role of police and specialised agencies, International Conventions and treaties, MLATs

Unit III: Investigation

- Registration and investigation of cases under BNS 2023, BNSS 2023 and Special Laws
- Financial, documentary, digital, and intelligence-based evidence, BSA2023 & other laws
- Bank trails, shell entities, property links, and illegal trade networks
- Search, seizure, attachment, forfeiture

Unit IV: Police Response

- Response to syndicates, fraud networks, laundering chains, and illegal markets,
- Prevention and disruption of criminal networks
- Coordination with specialised agencies
- Professional and lawful investigation practices

- National and International inter-agency coordination and response

Suggested reading:

1. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (37th ed.). LexisNexis.
2. Misra, S. N. (2024). *Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). Central Law Publications.
3. Gaur, K. D., & Gaur, M. (2024). *Textbook on the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (9th ed.). LexisNexis.
4. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). LexisNexis.
5. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2024). *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023* (28th ed.). LexisNexis.
6. Gaur, K. D. (2021). *Textbook on socio-economic offences* (1st ed.). Eastern Book Company.
7. Khan, N. P. (2025). *Law relating to socio-economic offences* (2nd ed.). Eastern Book Company.
8. Singh, R., & Singh, V. (2021). *Socio-economic offences* (1st ed.). Eastern Book Company. (Reprinted 2022)
9. Mahajan, M. (2011). *Socio-economic offences laws*. Global India Publications.
10. Taxmann. (2026). *Benami, black money and money laundering laws* (2026 ed.). Taxmann Publications.
11. Das, P. K. (n.d.). *Anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws in India*. Eastern Book Company.
12. Nayyar, Y. V. (2025). *Commentary on the Prevention of Corruption Act: A treatise on anti-corruption laws* (2025 ed.). Whitesmann Publishing.
13. Seth, & Capoor. (n.d.). *Anti-corruption laws with commentaries on the Prevention of Corruption Act* (6th ed.). Eastern Book Company.
14. Reddy, G. B. (2022). *Intellectual property rights and the law* (11th ed.). Gogia Law Agency.
15. Ahuja, V. K. (n.d.). *Law relating to intellectual property rights*. LexisNexis.
16. Narayanan, P. (n.d.). *Law of trade marks and passing off*. Eastern Law House.
17. Narayanan, P. (n.d.). *Copyright and industrial designs*. Eastern Law House.
18. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (2024). *Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023: Training material on organised crime and terrorism*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
19. Central Bureau of Investigation. (2020). *CBI crime manual, 2020*. Government of India.
20. Central Vigilance Commission. (2021). *Vigilance manual*. Government of India.
21. Reserve Bank of India. (2016). *Master direction – Know your customer (KYC) direction* (updated version).
22. Financial Intelligence Unit–India. (2023). *AML/CFT guidelines for reporting entities providing services related to virtual digital assets*.
23. National Crime Records Bureau. (n.d.). *Crime in India* (latest available report). Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.

24. Securities and Exchange Board of India. (2003). *SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices Relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003* (latest amended version).

VICTIMOLOGY AND VICTIM ASSISTANCE

Subject Code: PLE-VVA-7C

Credits: 5 (4L+ 1T)

UNIT –I: Introduction to Victimology

- Definition: Victim, Victimization and Victimology; Historical Development of Victimology
- Key Concepts in Victimology: Victimogenesis, Victim Precipitation, Victim Blaming, Victim Vulnerability, Victimization Proneness, Victim Response, Victimless crimes, Abuse of power, Victim Assistance, PTSD, Penal Couples
- Typology of Victims: Benjamin Mendelsohn- Hans Von Hentig; Selling and Wolfgang Typology of Victimization: Primary Victimization- Secondary Victimization, Tertiary Victimization, -Mutual Victimization _ No Victimization; Revictimization & Poly- Victimization; Special category of victims: Child Abuse Victims, Victims of Domestic Violence, Victims of Elder Abuse
- Theories of Victimology : Victim precipitation Model- Routine Activity Approach _ Situated Transaction Model.

UNIT -II: National and international concern for Victims of crime

- U.N. Declaration on Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power (1985); Guide for Policy Makers- Handbook of Justice for Victims

- World Society of Victimology, The International Organization for Victim Assistance, Human Rights Watch
- National Concerns for Victims of Crime: Indian Society of Victimology _SASCV-Victim support by NHRC- Legal Amendments related to Victims Concern- Karan Vs State of NCT (2020).
- State Initiatives and Crime Victims: AWPS, -Emergency response services to victims- Coordination with NGOs _ State Victim Assistance Fund

UNIT-III: Criminal Justice System and Victims

- CJS and Victim relationship: Victim & Police; Victim as Witness
- Role of Judiciary in Justice for victims, Victim's Participation in Justice Process
- Secondary Victimization by the Criminal Justice System and the Society
- Creating awareness among the Criminal Justice Professionals and the Public on Victim related issues.

UNIT-IV: Victim Assistance

- Provisions for victim assistance: Types of Victim Assistance; Restitution - Compensation for Victims of Crime and abuse of power - Victim Compensation Scheme Sec 396 BNSS 2023; Solatium Fund
- Role of Citizens and Voluntary Organizations in Victims Assistance: Preventing Victimization _ Awareness Creation _Crisis Response - Assisting victims during crime investigation and trial - Legal aid to victims of crime; Supreme Court Guidelines on Protection of Good Samaritans.
- Post Victimization Counselling: Counselling, guidance and rehabilitation of special kinds of victims of crime and child abuse, Police Station Counselling;
- National Organization for Victim Assistance (NOVA), USA - Victim Witness Assistance Programs (V W A) - Introduction to Restorative Justice System.

Suggested Readings:

1. Fatima, A. S. (2025). *Victimology and criminal justice system in India*. Commercial Law Publishers.
2. Vashishtha, S. (2024). *Ahmad Siddique's criminology, penology and victimology* (8th ed.). Eastern Book Company.
3. Bajpai, G. S. (2012). *Criminal justice system reconsidered: Victim and witness perspective*. Serial Publications.
4. Doerner, W. G. (2014). *Victimology* (7th ed.). Anderson Publishing.
5. Drapkin, I. (1975). *Victimology: A new focus—Theoretical issues in victimology*. Lexington Books.
6. Geiser, R. L. (1979). *Hidden victims*. Beacon Press.
7. Karmen, A. (2015). *Crime victims: An introduction to victimology* (8th ed.). Cengage Learning.
8. McDonald, W. F. (1976). *Criminal justice and the victim*. Sage Publications.
9. Paranjape, N. V. (2012). *Criminology and penology with victimology*. Central Law Publications.
10. Parsonage, W. H. (1979). *Perspectives on victimology*. Sage Publications.
11. Rajan, V. N. (1995). *Victimology in India*. A.P.H. Publishing Corporation.
12. Rajan, V. N. (1995). *Victimology in India: Perspectives beyond frontiers*. A.P.H. Publishing Corporation.
13. Shapland, J., Willmore, J., & Duff, P. (1985). *Victims in the criminal justice system*. Gower Publishing Company.
14. Shekhar, B., Sahni, S. P., Priyamvadha, M., & Nair, V. V. (2022). *A global perspective on victims of crime and victim assistance: Best practices around the world*. Bloomsbury India.
15. Singh Makkar, S. P. (1993). *Global perspectives in victimology*. ABC Publications.
16. Sparks, R. F., Genn, H. G., & Dodd, D. J. (1977). *Surveying victims*. John Wiley & Sons.
17. Talwar, P. (2006). *Victimology*. Isha Books Publishers.
18. Walklate, S. (1989). *Victimology: The victim and the criminal justice process*. Unwin Hyman.

PSYCHOLOGY OF CRIME

Subject Code: PLE-PSY-7M.

Credits: 4 4(3L+1P/T)

Unit I

- Criminal Psychology: Definition, Nature, Purpose, and Scope

- Criminal Behaviour: Definition, Signs and Symptoms, Psychosocial and Biological Determinants of Crime

Unit II

- Mental Health and Criminal Behaviour: Personality and Other Significant Mental Disorders, Psychopath, Sociopath
- Drugs and Crime: Types of drugs and their psycho-physical influences, Links between drugs and crime

Unit III

- Theoretical perspective of understanding crime: Psychoanalytic, Humanistic, and Learning Criminal behaviour
- Psychological Analysis: Psychometric Testing and Personality Assessment of Criminals

Unit IV

- Criminal Profiling: Concept and process
- Psycho-neurological Instruments Used to detect Criminal Behaviour: Polygraph, Narco Analysis, Brain fingerprinting, and Brain Electrical Oscillation Signature (BEOS) Profiling

Suggested Readings:

1. Arrigo, B. A. (2000). *Introduction to forensic psychology*. Academic Press.
2. Bartol, C. R. (1999). *Criminal behavior: A psychosocial approach* (5th ed.). Prentice Hall.
3. Bartol, C. R., & Bartol, A. M. (2019). *Introduction to forensic psychology: Research and application* (5th ed.). Sage Publications.
4. Forbes, R. (2016). *Criminal psychology: Understanding the criminal mind and its nature through criminal profiling*. CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform.
5. Howitt, D. (2008). *Introduction to forensic and criminal psychology* (3rd ed.). Pearson Education.
6. Kaul, S. K., & Zaidi, M. H. (2008). *Narco analysis, brain mapping, hypnosis and lie detector tests in interrogation of suspects*. University Book House.
7. Melton, G. B., Petrila, J., Poythress, N. G., & Slobogin, C. (1997). *Psychological evaluations for the courts: A handbook for mental health professionals and lawyers* (2nd ed.). Guilford Press.
8. Samenow, S. E. (2004). *Inside the criminal mind* (Rev. and updated ed.). Crown Publishers.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Course Code: PLE-RM-7MD

Credits: 2

UNIT – I : Foundations of Research

- Nature and characteristics of research; social research
- Research methodology vs research methods
- Selection of research problem and formulation
- Steps in research and preparation of a brief research proposal
- Basic concepts: variables and hypothesis (meaning and types)

UNIT – II : Research Designs and Ethics

- Approaches: Quantitative and Qualitative research
- Types of research: Basic, Applied, Survey and Action Research
- Research designs: Exploratory, Descriptive and Experimental (basic understanding)
- Ethics in research: consent, confidentiality and integrity

UNIT – III : Sampling and Data Collection

- Sampling: Meaning, purpose and types (Probability and Non-probability)
- Data sources: Primary and Secondary data
- Methods of data collection: Observation, Interview, Questionnaire, Case Study
- Issues in field data collection

UNIT – IV : Data Analysis and Report Writing

- Basics of quantitative data analysis and levels of measurement
- Introduction to qualitative analysis (thematic and content analysis)
- Interpretation of data: meaning and significance
- Basics of report writing: structure, referencing (APA style) and ethics

Suggested Readings:

1. Bachman, R., & Schutt, R. K. (2023). *The practice of research in criminology and criminal justice*. Sage Publications.
2. Kothari, C. R. (2004). *Research methodology: Methods and techniques*. New Age International Publishers.
3. Kumar, R. (2019). *Research methodology: A step-by-step guide for beginners*. Sage Publications.
4. Maxfield, M. G., & Babbie, E. (2022). *Research methods for criminal justice and criminology*. Cengage Learning.
5. Rennison, C. M., & Hart, T. C. (2018). *Research methods in criminal justice and criminology*. Sage Publications.

POLICE, COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL MEDIA

Subject Code: PLE-PCS-7MD

Credits: 2

Unit I: Community Policing and Public Trust

- Meaning and importance of community policing
- Police-community partnership and confidence building
- Role of beat officers, local networks, and citizen participation
- Community engagement for crime prevention and early warning

Unit II: Social Media, Misinformation and Public Order

- Social media as a source of information, mobilisation, and panic
- Rumours, fake news, deep fakes, hate content, and viral misinformation
- Online triggers of crowd violence, communal tension, and disorder
- Identifying digital indicators of escalation and vulnerability

Unit III: Legal Framework and Police Powers

- IT Act, 2000 and platform-related legal issues
- Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021 , Data Protections, Latest related Laws with Amendments
- Relevant provisions of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 for public order, intimidation, false content, harassment, and related offences
- Constitutional limits and judicial interpretation: free speech, privacy, legality, necessity, and proportionality (Latest Case laws and Amendments)

Unit IV: Police Response, Communication and Ethics

- Verification before action and responsible use of digital content
- Police communication during crisis and rumour control
- Coordination with district administration, platforms, media, and community leaders
- Ethical policing, accountability, and protection of civil liberties

Suggested Readings:

1. Verma, A. (2005). *The Indian police: A critical evaluation*. Regency Publications.
2. Bayley, D. H. (1969). *The police and political development in India*. Princeton University Press.
3. Sen, S. (1997). *Indian police today*. A.P.H. Publishing Corporation.
4. Sen, S. (2000). *Police in democratic societies*. Gyan Publishing House.
5. Verma, A. (2010). *The new khaki: The evolving nature of policing in India*. CRC Press.
6. Ahuja, R. (2019). *Social problems in India* (latest revised ed.). Rawat Publications.
7. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Community policing programme for senior citizens*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
8. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Compendium of best practices on community policing*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
9. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (2018). *National Police Mission compendium*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
10. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (2023). *Community policing for youth*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
11. Sharma, V., & Sharma, S. (2025). *Information technology law and practice* (9th ed.). LexisNexis.
12. Duggal, P. (2023). *Cyber law: An exhaustive section-wise commentary on the Information Technology Act* (3rd ed.). LexisNexis.
13. Gupta, A. (2016). *Commentary on Information Technology Act* (3rd ed.). LexisNexis.

14. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (37th ed.). LexisNexis.
15. Misra, S. N. (2024). *Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). Central Law Publications.
16. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023* (latest ed.). LexisNexis.
17. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2024). *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023* (latest ed.). LexisNexis.
18. Bhatia, G. (2016). *Offend, shock, or disturb: Free speech under the Indian Constitution*. Oxford University Press.
19. Bhatia, G. (2019). *The transformative constitution*. HarperCollins India.
20. National Crime Records Bureau. (n.d.). *Crime in India* (latest available report). Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
21. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Data on police organizations* (latest available report). Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
22. Government of India. (n.d.). *Relevant bare acts and rules* (Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, Information Technology Act, Information Technology Rules, 2021, Digital Personal Data Protection Act, 2023, Telecom Suspension Rules, Representation of the People Act, and relevant election and social media advisories).
23. Relevant latest case laws and amendments.

FUNDAMENTALS OF SECURITY

Subject Code: PLE-FOS-7C

Credits: 6 (4L+ 2 T)

UNIT-I: Understanding Security

- Theories, Evolution and Necessity of Industrial Security;
- Security Establishment and Physical Security Infrastructure-Perimeter, Gates, Barriers, Watch Tower, Lighting;
- Principles of Security, its Components; and
- Security Ethics and Code of Conduct

UNIT-II: Introduction to Security Paradigms

- Human Security

- National Security
- International Security
- Industrial Security
- Information Security

UNIT-III: Physical Security-Glossary Terms-1

- Adversary, Alert levels, Alternate Worksite, Arrogant Insiders, Asset, Asset categories, Attractiveness (A), Benefit, Business Continuity, Business Continuity Plan (BCP), Business Impact Analysis (BIA), Capability, Checklist, Consequences, Cost, Cost-Benefit analysis, Countermeasures, Countermeasures analysis, Cyber security, Consequential, Criticality, Contact List, Crisis, Crisis Management, Crisis Management Centre, Crisis Management Planning, Crisis Management Team, Critical Function, Critical Records, Cyber Terrorists, Delay, Detection, Deterrence, Damage Assessment, Disaster, Disaster Recovery

UNIT-IV: Physical Security-Glossary Terms-2

- Espionage, Events, Emergency, Evacuation, Evaluation and Maintenance, Exercise, Facility Exposure Matrix & Baselines, Goodwill, Hazard, Industrial Spies, Hackers, Hacktivists, Intelligence, Intent, Loss Event, Layers of protection, Likelihood of the Act (L1), Likelihood of Adversary Success (LAS), Malicious Insiders, Mitigation, Mitigation Strategies, Mutual Aid Agreement, Natural Disaster, Opportunistic Insiders, Physical security, Process Hazard Analysis (PHA), Prevention, Probability, Proprietary Information, Trade Secret and Patent, Qualitative and Qualitative Risk Assessment

UNIT-V: Physical Security-Glossary Terms-3

- Readiness, Recovery/Resumption, Response, Risk, Risk Analysis, Risk assessment, Sabotage, Safeguard, Security Awareness, Security Incident, Security layers of protection, Security management system checklist, Security plan, Security Survey, Security Vulnerability, Security Risk

Assessment (SRA), Shelter-in-Place, Simulation Exercise, Site, State-of-the-Art, Statistics, Subversion, Tabletop Exercise, Testing, Threat, Training, Target attractiveness, Technical Security, Terrorism, Threat, Threat categories, Undesirable events, Vulnerabilities, Vital Records

Suggested Readings:

1. Brine Hamilton. (2022). *fundamental of security* (2nd edition). Emond Publishing
2. Charles A. Sennewald & Curtis Baillie. (2016). *Effective Security Management*. Elsevier Inc.
3. Collins, R. (2016). *Introduction to security studies*. Routledge.
4. Fischer, R. J., Halibozek, E., & Walters, D. C. (2019). *Introduction to security* (10th ed.). Butterworth-Heinemann.
5. Gupta, R. K. (2007). *Industrial security management*. University Science Press.
6. James F. Broder & Eugene Tucker. (2012). *Risk Analysis and the Security Survey* (4th Edition). Butterworth-Heinemann
7. John Fay. 3rd edition (8 December 2010). *Contemporary Security Management*. Butterworth-Heinemann Inc;
8. McCrie, R. D. (2015). *Security operations management* (3rd ed.). Butterworth-Heinemann.
9. Ortmeier, P. J. (2012). *Security management: An introduction* (2nd ed.). Pearson.
10. Sennewald, C. A., & Baillie, C. P. (2016). *Effective security management* (6th ed.). Butterworth-Heinemann.
11. Smith, C. (2017). *Security science: The theory and practice of security*. Wiley.
12. Yarger, H. R. (2008). *Strategic theory for the 21st century: The little book on big strategy*. U.S. Army War College.
13. Yarger, H. R. (2008). *Strategic theory for the 21st century: The little book on big strategy*. U.S. Army War College.

Syllabus

Semester VIII

B A IN POLICING AND LAW ENFORCEMENT **(Honours)**

TECHNOLOGY MEDIATED CRIMES AND POLICING

Subject Code: PLE-TMC-8C

Credits: 5 (4L+ 1T)

Unit I: Technology and Crime in Contemporary Policing

- Technology as tool, target, and evidence
- Cybercrime and technology-enabled conventional crime
- Online fraud, impersonation, harassment, obscenity, organised crime, radicalisation, and misinformation
- Social media, mobile apps, digital payments, and platforms in crime control and crime facilitation
- AI, its Types and challenges to the society

Unit II: Indian Laws on Technology-Related Crime

- Information Technology Act, 2000 and its Amendments
- Relevant provisions of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023
- IT Rules, 2021 and intermediary responsibility
- Data protection Law, privacy, and constitutional limits in policing

Unit III: Police Investigation and Digital Evidence

- Registration and investigation of technology-related offences
- Search, seizure, preservation, and chain of custody of digital devices and records
- Electronic evidence, forensic support, and admissibility
- Procedural safeguards under BNSS and evidentiary rules under BSA
- Mutual Legal Assistance treaties {MLATS}
- Contemporary Laws (Latest Amendments to the laws and Judgements)

Unit IV: Emerging Technologies and Police Response

- AI, deepfakes, drones, CCTV, facial recognition, Crypto currency, Blockchain and surveillance, Intellectual Property Rights issues

- Technology in financial crime, sexual offences, public order, and organised crime
- Cross-border investigation and platform cooperation
- Ethics, accountability, and lawful use of technology by police
- EUROPOL, INTERPOL, Inter-Agency response regarding Technology related Crime

Suggested Readings:

1. Sharma, V., & Sharma, S. (2025). *Information technology law and practice* (9th ed.). LexisNexis.
2. Duggal, P. (2023). *Cyber law: An exhaustive section-wise commentary on the Information Technology Act along with rules, regulations, policies, notifications, etc.* (3rd ed.). LexisNexis.
3. Gupta, A. (2016). *Commentary on Information Technology Act: With rules, regulations, orders, guidelines, reports and policy documents* (3rd ed.). LexisNexis.
4. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (37th ed.). LexisNexis.
5. Gaur, K. D., & Gaur, M. (2024). *Textbook on the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (9th ed.). LexisNexis.
6. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). LexisNexis.
7. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2024). *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023* (28th ed.). LexisNexis.
8. Srivastava, A. K., & Singh, Y. P. (2025). *Personal data protection rights*. LexisNexis.
9. Taxmann. (2026). *Digital Personal Data Protection Act, 2023* (Latest ed.). Taxmann Publications.
10. Taxmann. (2025). *Digital personal data protection: Law & practice*. Taxmann Publications.
11. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Training curriculum: Cyber crime investigation and digital forensics*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
12. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (2025). *The Indian Police Journal: Artificial intelligence in policing* (January–June 2025 issue). Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
13. National Crime Records Bureau. (n.d.). *Crime in India* (Latest available report). Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
14. Indian Computer Emergency Response Team. (n.d.). *Directions, advisories and cybersecurity guidelines*. Government of India.
15. Indian Cyber Crime Coordination Centre. (n.d.). *National Cyber Crime Reporting Portal and 1930 helpline materials*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
16. Reserve Bank of India. (2016). *Master direction – Know your customer (KYC) direction* (updated version). Reserve Bank of India.

17. Government of India. (n.d.). *Relevant bare acts* (Information Technology Act, 2000; Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021; Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023; Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023; Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023; Digital Personal Data Protection Act, 2023; Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012; Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002; Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967; Copyright Act, 1957; Trade Marks Act, 1999; and Drone Rules, 2021).
18. Relevant latest amendments and case laws.

PENOLOGY AND CORRECTIONAL ADMINISTRATION

Subject Code: PLE-PCA-8C

Credits: 5 (4L+1T)

UNIT-I: Introduction to Penology

- Penology: Definition, Nature and Scope, Historical Perspective of punishment
- Punishment: Definition, Nature and Scope; - Different Types of Punishment; - Corporal and Capital Punishment
- Theories of Punishment: Retributive Theory, Preventive Theory, Deterrence Theory, Reformation Theory
- Evolution of Correctional Philosophy-Pennsylvania system, Auburn System and Elmira Reformatory; Medical Model & Rehabilitation Model.

UNIT-II: Corrections: Acts, Procedures and Rules

- Model Prisons Act 2023, Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Act, 2015 & Rules (2016) and corresponding Amendments
- Rajasthan Prison Manual/Rules; Care to Children of Incarcerated Mothers
- Various Prison Reforms Committees and Commissions in the post-independence era in India
- U.N. Standard Minimum Rules for Treatment of Prisoners (Nelson Mandela Rules).

UNIT-III: Institutional Corrections

- Institutionalization; Prisonization: Meaning and purpose- Prison sub-culture- Prison Routine- Prison Adalat
- Classification System of correctional institutions: Adult Institutions, Juvenile Institutions, Women Institutions, Open Prisons.
- Features of good correctional administration; Guidelines for Official Prison Visitors
- Reformation and Rehabilitation Programs: Counselling Programs, Vocational Training Programs, Educational Programs and Recreational Programs; Use of Artificial Intelligence in Correctional Administration.

UNIT-IV: Community based Corrections

- Probation: Concept and Scope, Probation in India
- Probation of offenders Act: Probation Procedures: Pre-sentence Investigation Report, Revocation of Probation etc;
- Furlough and Parole: Meaning and Scope; Furlough and Parole _ Provisions and Rules; After Care Services.
- Significance of Community Service as Punishment with Special references to BNSS, Alternative community based correctional approaches in other countries.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Fatima, A. S. (2025). *Victimology and criminal justice system in India*. Commercial Law Publishers.
2. Vashishtha, S. (2024). *Ahmad Siddique's criminology, penology and victimology* (8th ed.). Eastern Book Company.
3. Ahmed, S. (1993). *Criminology: Problems and perspectives* (3rd ed.). Eastern Book Company.
4. Bhattacharya, S. K. (1986). *Probation system in India*. Manas Publications.
5. Brodie, S. R. (1976). *Effectiveness of sentencing*. Home Office.
6. Chockalingam, K. (1993). *Issues in probation in India*. University of Madras Publications.
7. Emmins, C. J. (1985). *A practical approach to sentencing*. Financial Training Publications Ltd.

8. Devasia, V. D., & Devasia, L. (1992). *Criminology, victimology and corrections*. Ashish Publishing House.
9. Ghosh, S. (1992). *Open prisons and the inmates*. Mittal Publications.
10. Goswami, B. K. (1980). *Critical study of criminology and penology*. Allahabad Agency.
11. Government of India. (1983). *Mulla Committee report on prison reforms*. Government of India.
12. Kumar, N. (1986). *Constitutional rights of prisoners*. Mittal Publishers.
13. Paranjape, N. V. (2002). *Criminology and penology*. Central Law Publications.
14. Shekhar, B., & Sahni, S. P. (Eds.). (2020). *A global perspective of victimology and criminology: Yesterday, today and tomorrow*. Bloomsbury India.
15. Sirohi, J. P. S. (2023). *Criminology and penology*. Allahabad Law Agency.

SOCIAL PROBLEMS AND CONTEMPORARY ISSUES

Subject Code: PLE-SPC-8M

Credits: 4 (3L+1T)

UNIT I: Understanding Social Problems

- Meaning and nature of social problems Objective vs subjective definitions
- Sociological approaches: Functionalist, Conflict, Interactionist, Social disorganization

UNIT II: Inequality and Structural Issues

- Poverty and unemployment
- Caste and social exclusion
- Gender inequality
- Marginalization and vulnerability

UNIT III: Social Disruption and Emerging Issues

- Urbanization and migration
- Substance abuse and addiction

- Family breakdown and youth issues
- Cyber risks and digital society

UNIT IV: Violence, Conflict, and Social Responses

- Domestic violence and gender-based violence
- Communalism and social conflict
- Organized crime
- Role of state, civil society, and policy interventions

Suggested Readings:

1. Clinard, M. B., & Meier, R. F. (2016). *Sociology of Deviant Behavior* (15th ed.). Boston: Cengage Learning.
2. Siegel, L. J. (2017). *Criminology: The Core* (6th ed.). Boston: Cengage Learning.
3. Downes, D., Rock, P., & McLaughlin, E. (2016). *Understanding Deviance: A Guide to the Sociology of Crime and Rule-breaking* (7th ed.). Oxford: Oxford University Press.
4. Durkheim, É. (1897/2002). *Suicide: A Study in Sociology*. London: Routledge.
5. Merton, R. K. (1938). "Social Structure and Anomie." *American Sociological Review*, 3(5), 672–682.
6. Becker, H. S. (1963). *Outsiders: Studies in the Sociology of Deviance*. New York: Free Press.
7. Foucault, M. (1977). *Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison*. New York: Pantheon Books.
8. Garland, D. (2001). *The Culture of Control: Crime and Social Order in Contemporary Society*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
9. Ahuja, R. (2014). *Criminology*. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.
10. National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB). (Latest Edition). *Crime in India*. New Delhi: Ministry of Home Affairs.

VULNERABLE GROUPS AND SPECIAL LAWS

Unit I: Vulnerable Groups and Criminality

- Meaning of vulnerable groups in policing
- Women, children, elderly, disabled, LGBTQI+ and other at-risk persons
- Forms of criminality: violence, abuse, neglect, exploitation, trafficking, and digital victimisation
- Police role in prevention and protection

Unit II: Crimes Against Women and Special Laws

- Domestic violence, sexual offences, stalking, harassment, trafficking
- Police response and victim-sensitive procedures
- Relevant special laws on women's protection.
- Role of shelter, counselling, medical, and legal support , Police Assistance, Victim Assistance

Unit III: Crimes Against Children , LGBTQ + and Elderly

- Child abuse, child sexual offences, neglect, trafficking, juvenile issues
- Abuse, cheating, neglect, and property-related offences against elderly persons
- Crime against LGBTQ+ and laws related with LGBTQ+
- Police duties under child protection, LGBTQ+ Community and senior citizen laws
- Rescue, reporting, and referral mechanisms

Unit IV: Investigation, Police Response and Special Laws

- Complaint handling, recording, and immediate police action
- Investigation of offences involving vulnerable groups

- Special laws, procedural safeguards, and coordination with welfare agencies
- Rights-based and humane policing approach

Suggested Reading:

1. Gaur, K. D., & Gaur, M. (2024). *Textbook on the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (9th ed.). LexisNexis.
2. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023* (37th ed.). LexisNexis.
3. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2025). *The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023* (24th ed.). LexisNexis.
4. Ratanlal, & Dhirajlal. (2024). *The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023* (28th ed.). LexisNexis.
5. Paranjape, N. V. (2026). *Criminology and penology including victimology* (20th ed.). Central Law Publications.
6. Rao, M. (2018). *Law relating to women and children* (4th ed.). Eastern Book Company. (Reprinted 2025)
7. Kumari, V. (2010). *The juvenile justice system in India: From welfare to rights*. Oxford University Press.
8. Agnes, F. (2001). *Law and gender inequality: The politics of women's rights in India*. Oxford University Press.
9. Agnes, F., Chandra, S., & Basu, M. (2016). *Women and law in India: An omnibus*. Oxford University Press.
10. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Women's safety and security: A handbook for first responders and investigators in the police*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
11. Bureau of Police Research and Development. (n.d.). *Community policing programme for senior citizens*. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.
12. Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy. (2022). *A decade of POCSO: Developments, challenges and insights from judicial data*. Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy.
13. Government of India. (n.d.). *Relevant bare acts* (Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023; Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023; Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023; Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012; Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015; Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005; Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens Act,

2007; Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016; Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989; Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956; Information Technology Act, 2000; and Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986).

14. Relevant latest case laws and amendments.

PERSONALITY AND SOFT SKILLS

Subject Code: PLE-PDSS-8AE

Credits: 2

UNIT – I : Communication and Assertiveness

- Positive Communication: Components and importance
- Non-verbal communication and body language
- Active constructive communication
- Assertiveness: Meaning, types (passive, aggressive, assertive)
- Techniques for developing assertive communication

UNIT – II : Negotiation and Emotional Intelligence

- Negotiation Skills: Essentials and professional approaches
- Emotional Intelligence: Concept, components and characteristics
- Understanding emotions and their influence on behaviour
- Methods to assess and improve emotional intelligence

UNIT – III : Self-Management and Personality Development

- Concept of self and personality development
- Self-awareness and biases
- Self-esteem enhancement
- SWOT analysis for self-understanding

UNIT – IV : Time and Stress Management

- Time Management: Time wasters, procrastination, strategies and benefits
- Stress Management: Meaning, causes and manifestations
- Coping mechanisms and stress management techniques
- Managing fear: examination fear, stage fear and anxiety

Suggested Readings:

1. DeVito, J. A. (2022). *The interpersonal communication book* (16th ed.). Pearson.
2. Goleman, D. (2006). *Emotional intelligence: Why it can matter more than IQ*. Bantam Books.
3. Hurlock, E. B. (2010). *Personality development*. Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
4. Robbins, S. P., Judge, T. A., & Vohra, N. (2022). *Organizational behavior* (19th ed.). Pearson Education.
5. Feist, J., Feist, G. J., & Roberts, T. A. (2021). *Theories of personality* (10th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
6. Greenberg, J. S. (2021). *Comprehensive stress management* (15th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
7. Nelson-Jones, R. (2012). *Practical counselling and helping skills* (7th ed.). Sage Publications.
8. Lazarus, R. S., & Folkman, S. (1984). *Stress, appraisal, and coping*. Springer Publishing Company.

SECURITY ROLES AND OPERATIONS

Subject Code: PLE-SRO-8C

Credits: 6 (4L + 2 T)

UNIT-I: Security Awareness

- Procedures, Policies, Records, SOPs
- Risk, Threat, Vulnerability, Consequences, Hazards
- Emergency and Security Signage or Numbers
- Reporting Matrix, Organogram

UNIT-II: Facility and Assets Protection Management

- Security Infrastructure
- Rules and Regulations, Policies

- Routine Activities: Patrolling, Search, Checks, Surveillance, Monitoring

UNIT-III: Access Control Management-I

- Objective and Basic Structure of Access Control: Deter, Detect, Delay, Deny, and Apprehend, Role of Gate, Lock, and Barrier
- Access Control of Men and Material;

UNIT-IV: Access Control Management-II

- Criteria of Good Access Control
- Searching and Frisking, Duties and responsibilities of security posts, Guarding-Static and Patrolling, Controlling entry-exit
- Risk Involved: Tail gating, Door levering, Crashing, Spoofing, Bumping, Proxy Punching

UNIT-V: Material Management

- Documents related to Material Movement, Gate Passes
- Inbound and Outbound Movement (Receipt and Dispatch)
- Duties and Responsibilities at Material Gate;
- Controlling Material Movement;
- Lost and Found Management.

Suggested Readings:

1. Benantar, M. (2006). *Access control systems: Security, identity management, and trust models*. Springer.
2. Gupta, R. K. (2007). *Industrial security management*. University Science Press.
3. International Foundation for Protection Officers. (2010). *Security supervision and management: Theory and practice of asset protection* (3rd ed.). Butterworth-Heinemann.
4. Johnson, B. R. (2005). *Principles of security management*. Pearson Education.
5. Jaquish, M. J. (2006). *The role of security officer*. Outskirts Press.
6. McCrie, R. D. (2015). *Security operations management* (3rd ed.). Butterworth-Heinemann.
7. Ortmeier, P. J. (2012). *Security management: An introduction* (2nd ed.). Pearson.
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9. Sennewald, C. A. (2019). *Effective security management* (6th ed.). Butterworth-Heinemann.
10. Sharma, J. K. (2015). *Industrial security: Managing material movement and assets*. Deep & Deep Publications.